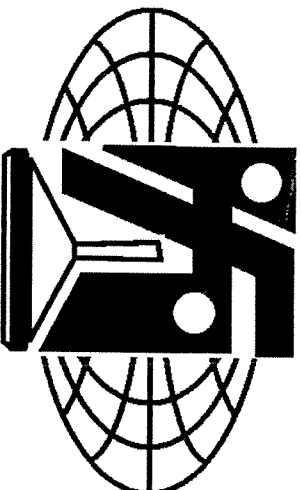


INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION ICESTOCKSPORT

Headquarters in Berne (CH) – Founded in 1950



OFFICIAL RULE BOOK

**International Icestock Rules (IER)
International Rules of Play (ISPO)**

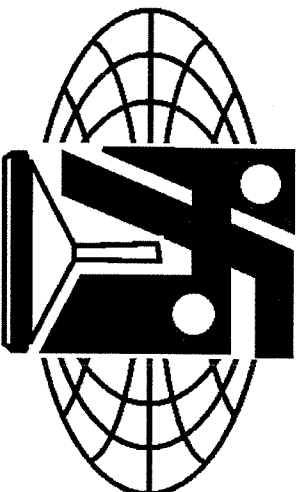
9th new, revised edition

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INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION ICESTOCKSPORT

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INTERNATIONAL ICESTOCK RULES (IER)

9th new, revised edition

Valid as of 1 October 2014

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General remarks

In winter, icestock is played on ice and in summer it is played on various summer sports surfaces. In winter, artificial ice facilities with "grooved ice" are used. The IFI guidelines "*Die richtige Eispräparation für den Eisstocksport*" (The correct preparation of ice for icestock) describes how to produce this special kind of ice. Icestock is also played on natural ice.

In summer, the sports surface may consist of the following materials: asphalt, concrete pavement, hard material or thermoplastic material. The precise production guidelines for these sports surfaces are to be found in the IFI series of publications "*Sport- und Freizeitanlagen: Planung und Bau von Sportanlagen für das Betreiben von Eisstocksport im Sommer*" (Sports and leisure facilities: Planning and constructing sports facilities for playing icestock in summer).

Decisions and interpretations taken at IFI A-Category Referee Seminars shall become legally binding when they are confirmed by the Technical Committee of the IFI and are published on the IFI's website with an indication of the date of validity.

Section 1 PLAYING AREA

- 101** The available surface of the ice in ice rinks shall constitute the **playing area**. In the case of natural ice and summer sports facilities, the length of a playing area shall be at least 30 m, including safety distances. In sports facilities that have barriers, these shall be part of the playing area.
- 102** **Playing area for team competitions:** All the measurements are to be seen in the diagrams in the appendix (figures 1-3)
- 103** **Playing area for target competitions:** For all measurements, see figure 4.
- 104** **Playing area for distance competitions:** For all measurements, see figures 5.1 and 5.2.
- 105** **Playing area for speed competitions:** For all measurements, see figure 6.
- 111** **Footmark:** The footmark consists of a device providing the player with sufficient stability when he makes his tries. An underlay may be placed under the parts of the stability devices that increase their stability. The footmark for the distance and speed competitions on ice must have a rubber, plastic or textile covering with a minimum thickness of 8 mm. On summer sports surfaces, colour markings suffice. All the measurements and designs of recognised stability devices for use in team, target, distance and speed competitions are to be seen in figures 14 and 15.

112

Target house boundaries:

The boundaries of all target houses of a playing area are to be indicated by colour markings with a width of 8-10 mm on ice and 8-30 mm on summer surfaces. The lines may also be scratched or cut into the surface. This need not be done if the target houses are of a contrasting colour. The outer edge of the marking shall apply in each case. No account shall be taken of uneven thickness in colour markings. The outer edge shall still mark the boundary if, in touching up a marking, a second marking has been made on the sports surface.

**Section 2 EQUIPMENT, PUCK, MEASURING DEVICE, IFLI TESTING
KIT AND SLIDING SOLE STAND**

201

A stock together with its constituent parts constitute the **equipment**; each player is personally responsible for ensuring that it is in orderly condition and conforms to the rules.

202

In all competitions, only equipment licensed by the IFLI is allowed. Alterations to parts of equipment are forbidden. Equipment licensed by the IFLI must have a registration number specified by the IFLI and must bear the IFLI licence emblem.

Note: If it is established that alterations have been made to equipment parts, their use shall not be permitted in a competition. Existing and recently-granted licences shall be announced by the IFLI. If it is observed that equipment reacts abnormally, it may be confiscated without replacement using the IFLI confiscation protocol. An immediate penalty under the IER need not be pronounced. Equipment that is not allowed shall also be confiscated without replacement. If evidence of an irregularity is provided, the competent sports court shall pronounce the corresponding penalties retrospectively.

In such case as a team is disqualified retrospectively, the list of results shall be maintained, whereby the team concerned shall be given the last place on the list.

Existing and recently-granted licences are contained in the current lists of sports equipment and are announced by the IFLI on an ongoing basis.

203

STOCK

The **stock** consists of the stock body, the handle and a summer or winter sliding sole. For competitions organised in accordance with the IER, these parts may only be produced by contracting parties authorised by the IFLI. Alternations to equipment parts are prohibited. Exceptions are adjustments to the handle grip, the mounting of uncushioned summer sliding soles and the mechanical cleaning of such soles.

In pupils' competitions (ISpO Section 103a), only **IFI pupils' stock body type E** may be used. This stock is prohibited in all other game categories (except in the distance and speed competitions). The following description gives a simplified account of the main technical specifications of the equipment parts.

Note: All equipment parts must bear a registration number. The registration number provides information about the manufacturer, the year the design was licensed and the year of production (this was replaced in 1985 by identifying letters). Examples and an explanation are given in the appendix (figures 23 and 24).

204

The stock body and pupils' stock body.

We differentiate between two stock-body constructions:

- a) Stock-body with an intermediary plate:
This construction consists of a steel ring, an intermediary plate compressed into the steel ring and a hood firmly connected to the intermediary plate and the steel ring; the materials of which it is made and the processing criteria for manufacturers are laid down by the IFI.
- b) Stock-body with steel cross-pieces (instead of an intermediary plate), which are fixed into the steel ring by subjecting them to high pressure, and a hood.

The three parts, i.e. the steel ring, the intermediary plate and the hood must be firmly (non-positively) connected. Only then do they have the required properties.

An inset cushion made of rubber or plastic is to be found on the intermediary plate. The intermediary plate's registration number is to be found here (applies from date of manufacture 2001). Every valid stock-body is given an IFI registration number and the IFI testing and licence emblem. For the masses (weights) and types, see rule 210, for the measurements and specifications, see figure 7.

205

The **handle** is made of metal-reinforced plastic, steel, titanium or synthetic fibres. To connect the stock-body with the winter or summer sole, a thread socket with an G 1-inch left thread is attached to the handle. A green washer on the handle is required in line with IFI specifications. A handle without this compulsory washer is a prohibited item of equipment (see rule 361). Changes to the handle are not permitted in principle. Changes to the form of the grip may be made by the player himself; this is to be understood to mean that only the usual covering of the handle may be changed. Compliance with the specifications laid down regarding the weight and the centre of gravity is absolutely essential.

For the masses (weights), see rule 210; for measurements and specifications, see figure 8.

Stock identification marks labelled "IFI-gerecht" in RAL 1026 (bright yellow) and RAL 3024 (bright red) are to be used in team competitions

upon the instructions of the competition manager: bright yellow is to be used for the odd starting numbers and bright red for the even starting numbers. The team taking its break shall exchange its stock markers with the team returning from its break.

206

Two types of **base plate** are available, for summer and for winter sliding soles. They consist of materials authorised by the IFI. In the base plate there is a socket with a G 1-inch left thread on the inside on which to attach the handle.

Note: A deviation of up to 0.4 mm in the evenness of base plates' surface is tolerated.

207

The **summer sliding plate** is a base plate with a summer sliding sole surface. The different surfaces, with graduated levels of resistance, must be attached in line with IFI rules. In the case of the authorised material, Shore D hardness is largely responsible for the sliding properties. Licensed summer sliding soles bear the IFI registration number on the outer edge of the surface.

A sliding sole is permissible if it is firmly fixed to the base plate, it is undamaged, no screws are missing and no abrasion limitation mark is visible.

For the weights, see rule 210; for measurements and specifications, see figures 9 and 10.

Hardness categories of summer sliding soles at 25°C and their colours

IFI no. 10 white (also within a green, black or grey outer border)	> 86 Shore D*/**
IFI no. 11 light green	74 – 80 Shore D
IFI no. 12 graphite black	67 - 73 Shore D
IFI no. 13.2 silver-grey	63 - 66 Shore D
IFI no. 13.1 pebble grey	59 – 62 Shore D
IFI no. 14.2 melon yellow	56 – 58 Shore D
IFI no. 14.1 sulphurous yellow	53 – 55 Shore D
IFI no. 15.3 ultramarine	50 – 52 Shore D
IFI no. 15.2 Capri blue	45 - 48 Shore D
IFI no. 15.1 light blue	43 – 46 Shore D

Hardness categories of summer sliding soles with negative profile at 25°C and their colours

IFI no. 9 bright red	> 78 Shore D*
IFI no. 11 light green	74 – 80 Shore D
IFI no. 12 graphite black	67 - 73 Shore D
IFI no. 13.2 silver-grey	63 - 66 Shore D
IFI no. 13.1 pebble grey	59 – 62 Shore D

IFI no. 14.2 melon yellow	56 – 58 Shore D
IFI no. 14.1 sulphurous yellow	53 – 55 Shore D
IFI no. 15.3 ultramarine	50 – 52 Shore D
IFI no. 15.2 Capri blue	45 - 48 Shore D
IFI no. 15.1 light blue	43 – 46 Shore D
IFI no. 16 blue lilac	39-41 Shore D***

All summer sliding soles with a negative profile must bear an IFI sliding sole seal.

*These sliding soles may only be played on natural ice and on artificial ice in rinks without a roof.

**There is no identification (registration number) when sliding soles have wooden supports.

*** May only be used in men's competitions if this is permitted in the request for entries.

Note:

If a summer sliding sole with a negative profile is used which does not bear an IFI sliding sole seal, one point shall be deducted from the team's score in accordance with rule 704 b.

A deviation of up to 0.4 mm in the evenness of the surface of summer sliding soles is tolerated.

208

The **winter sliding sole** combines a base plate with a winter sliding sole surface. The different surfaces, with graduated levels of resistance, are fastened either with adhesive or by direct vulcanisation. The winter sliding soles are made of special rubber mixtures.

A winter sliding sole is permissible if it is firmly fixed to the base plate at all points, meets all the geometrical specifications and is undamaged. For the weights, see rule 210.

For measurements and specifications, see figure 11.

Hardness categories of winter sliding soles at 25°C and their colours.

IFI no. 22.0 light green	84 – 90 Shore A
IFI no. 23.3 black	78 – 84 Shore A
IFI no. 23.2 deep black	72 – 76 Shore A
IFI no. 23.1 graphite black	72 – 76 Shore A
IFI no. 24.3 mouse grey	64 - 70 Shore A
IFI no. 24.2 silver grey	57 - 62 Shore A
IFI no. 24.1 pebble grey	57 - 62 Shore A
IFI no. 25.3 gorse yellow	48 – 52 Shore A
IFI no. 25.2 melon yellow	42 – 46 Shore A
IFI no. 25.1 sulphurous yellow	43 – 46 Shore A
IFI no. 26.3 ultramarine	37 – 43 Shore A
IFI no. 26.2 Capri blue	36 – 39 Shore A

Note: Slight deviations from the specified flat diameter range (shimmer of light of up to 0.2 mm, which may be visible between gauge 5 of the IFI testing kit and the tested item) are tolerated for winter sliding soles. Measurable using feeler gauge 2.15 in the IFI testing kit.

209 The **individual parts** of the stock are **standardised** so that all parts made by different manufacturers are **compatible**.

210	Masses (weights)	Kilograms
	Stock body type M	3.80 – 3.83
	Stock body type L	3.70 – 3.73
	Stock body type P	3.50 – 3.53
	Pupils' stock type E	2.73 – 2.78
	Handle	0.27 – 0.43
	Summer sliding sole	0.80 – 1.15*
	Winter sliding sole	0.85 – 1.15**

* Summer sliding sole no. 11 may weigh a maximum of 1.20 kg
 ** Winter sliding sole no. 22 may weigh a maximum of 1.20 kg

Stock bodies must bear the letters M, L, P or E (at least 20 mm in size) on their hood corresponding to their weight category.

Note: If a stock body is not marked with such a letter, or is marked with the wrong letter, one point shall be deducted from the team's score in accordance with rule 704 b.

211

Puck

The **puck** (movable target piece) is a thick-walled rubber ring with a profiled sliding side for ice surfaces (with grooves, webbing or knobs) and bearing an IFI registration number, and with a smooth sliding surface for summer surfaces.

On the inside diameter are four centring devices, enabling the puck to be placed precisely on the central cross.
 For the weights, measurements and specifications, see figure 12.

212

Measuring devices

Preference is to be given to the use of the measuring tools of the IFI testing kit in testing sports equipment. In order to measure distances in the distance competition, and time in the speed competition, appropriate equipment is to be used.

213

Sliding sole stand

Only **sliding sole stands** for a maximum of eight sliding soles may be used, which may not exceed the following maximum dimensions: A length of 450 mm, a width of 300 mm, and a height (including handle) of 400 mm. Any accessories not required for the sporting objectives are prohibited. Suggested sliding sole stand: see figure 13.

Note:

A warning shall be issued in connection with any contravention under rule 701; if the team has already been given a warning, one point shall be deducted from the team's score in accordance with rule 704 d.

Section 3 TEAM COMPETITION
Rules and scoring

- 301 *In a team competition, two opposing teams compete with one another to achieve the best position of their own stocks to the puck. In Icestock, a team normally consists of four players. Competitions may also take place with trios (3 players), doubles (two players) or sols (one player).*

The teams

- 302 In the case of a **team of four**, each player has one stock with which he must make one try per turn.

A **trio** consists of three players with one stock each, each of whom must make one try per turn.

A **double** consists of two players with two stocks each, each of whom must make two tries per turn.

A **solo** consists of one player with four stocks, who must make four tries per turn.

In addition, a substitute may be appointed, except in the solo competition.

A **mixed game** is a team of four consisting of two female and two male players. In the case of a mixed double, the team consists of one female and one male player. In both cases, one player may be substituted.

All the players are to be entered on the team competition starting card, figure 16.

During a game, each team may have a maximum of four complete stocks (three in the case of a trio), a maximum of 8 other sliding soles and one sliding-sole stand in the playing area. These 8 other sliding soles must be in the sliding-sole stand. If no sliding-sole stand is being used in accordance with rule 213, no further sliding soles are permitted in the playing area. Exchanging items of equipment that are in the playing area at the beginning of a game or adding to them is prohibited.

Note: A warning shall be issued to a team in accordance with rule 701, or in case of a repeat offence 3, penalty points shall be imposed on a team in accordance with rule 702 a if it has more than four players (more than three in the case of a trio, more than two in the case of a double and more than one in the case of a solo), or more than 4 complete stocks (3 in the case of a trio), or more than 8 other sliding

soles, or more than one sliding-sole stand or further handles on the playing area during a game. If sliding soles are in the playing area that are not in a sliding-sole stand or that belong to one of the complete stocks or if sports equipment is exchanged or supplemented during the game, the same penalty shall be given. Exception: exchange of damaged items of sports equipment with the agreement of the referee.

- 303** As long as a team is incomplete, it must play without the try of the absent player. The team shall remain in the competition as long as it consists of at least three players (two in the case of a trio and one in the case of a double).

Note: In the team competition, only three tries may be made when there are three players; as soon as the fourth player arrives in the playing area, he may play immediately. The same applies mutatis mutandis when there are only two players from a trio and when there is only one player from a double. When there are only two remaining players (one in the case of a trio), the team shall be eliminated.

- 304** If a team does not arrive for a game on time, it shall lose the game with 0:0 stock points and 0:2 game points. If a team drops out of the competition early, its games are not evaluated (0:0 game points). Late arrival for one of the last four games of a competition shall be deemed to be early elimination.

- 305** The **team captain** is entitled to discuss with the referee any questions arising in connection with the application of the rules in the course of a game.

The team captain must be in the playing area and must wear the identification assigned to him **visibly**.

Note: If the team captain is not in the playing area, a substitute captain may take his place, as long as he is named as such on the starting card.

- 306** The **game captain** is the player who stays in the target house during a turn in accordance with rule 353. A team may take a maximum of 60 seconds of time out during a game.

Note: If the time out is exceeded, a team shall be issued with a warning under rule 701; if the team has already been given a warning, one game point shall be deducted from the team's score in accordance with rule 704 h.

- 307** The **substitute player** may be brought into the team after each game and for any number of games. He may play after showing the referee his player's ID.

In case of **injury** of one of the players, a substitute player may be brought in immediately. The injured person may not rejoin the game.

- Note:
- a) *If a substitute does not show his player's ID, one game point shall be deducted from the team's score in accordance with rule 704 c.*
 - b) *If a player is substituted during a game without a player having been injured, two game points shall be deducted from the team's score in accordance with rule 705 a.*

Rules of play

- 311 A game has six turns.**

Note: *It is not possible to reduce the number of turns under any circumstances. In such case as a tournament, but **not a championship**, is brought to an end prematurely, e.g. due to lack of time, see Section 612 of the ISPO.*

- 312 A turn has been completed** when both teams have completed all their tries in one direction and the result has been recorded by the two game captains.

- 313 The player must stand on his footmark** when making a try. Available stability devices must be used.

Note: *If the player is not on his footmark, the try is invalid and may not be repeated. The minus points collected on account of such a try under rule 383 shall be counted, however.*

- 314 Training tries** during a game are not allowed.

Note: *If training tries are carried out during a game, a warning shall be issued, and in case of a repeated offence, three penalty points shall be given under rule 702 b. Substitute players are allowed to carry out training tries in a free playing area.*

Order of tries

- 315 A player from the team determined in the game schedule makes the first try.** If the first player's stock stays in the target house, it is the opposing team's turn.

If the first player's stock does not reach the target house or leaves it again, the other players of his team play until one player's stock stays in the target house.

The other team must then play **until the best position** of one of its stocks in relation to the puck has been reached.

Note: If opposing stocks are equi-distant from the puck, a best position is not reached.

316 If all the stocks leave the target house after a player's try, a player from the same team must play again.

317 The team that was determined to play the first turn under the game schedule also starts play in the third and fifth turns. The second participating team thus plays the second, fourth and sixth turns.

318 An unwarranted start is invalid and cannot be repeated. If the opposing team has played subsequently, however, all the tries are valid and the game shall be continued.

319 If a try is forgotten, it may not be repeated if the opposing team has played in the meantime.

Prematurely-finished turns

321 If a turn is finished prematurely by mutual consent of the game captains by changing the position of the puck or the stocks, the result that was established at the finish shall be valid.

Note: For every try not made, three penalty points shall be given under rule 703 a. If the turn is finished prematurely by only one game captain, rules 331-333 and 358 shall apply.

322 If a turn is finished prematurely by officials, the situation existing at the time of the close shall be reconstructed and the turn finished. If the situation cannot be reconstructed, the turn shall be repeated.

Changing puck position

323 The puck shall be placed on the centre cross of the target house before each turn.

If the position of the puck within the target house is changed in accordance with the rules, it shall remain in this new position, which shall also be decisive for the score.

If the puck has temporarily left the target house following a valid try, and then reached it again, however, the puck shall also stay in its stationary final position.

324 If the puck has left the target house, it shall be placed on the centre cross. If a stock is situated on the centre cross, it shall be moved to the side on which the greater part of the stock lies until there is enough room for the puck to be placed on the centre cross. Any other stocks impeding such movement shall also be pushed away in the same direction. If a

stock is standing in the middle of the centre cross, it shall be pushed towards the front boundary line until the puck can be placed on the centre cross. If it is on top of one or more valid stocks, it shall remain in its position. If the puck is on its narrow side, it shall be turned onto the side appropriate for the surface in use. Any stocks impeding it shall be pushed aside until the puck can be turned over.

Note: No stock may become invalid as a result of turning over the puck onto the side appropriate for the surface in use. The order of stocks' distances from the puck shall always be established after it has been turned over.

- 325** If the position of the puck is changed by external influences, it shall be returned to its former position.
If the run of a puck is disrupted by external influences, the try shall be repeated.
If the puck is lying on the **side inappropriate for the surface in use**, it shall be turned over.

- 326** If it is established after the beginning of a turn that the puck is not exactly on the centre cross without it having been touched by a played stock, it shall be placed in the correct position. As soon as the first try has been made by the subsequent team, the puck shall remain in its position.

- 327** If a puck lying on the boundary lines is subject to a valid influence, the resulting change in position shall be valid.

Changing stock position

- 331** If a player i m p r o v e s on the position of a stock of his **own team** in the target house in relation to the puck, the first stock shall be removed from the target house.
If the situation is w o r s e n e d, however, the first stock shall remain in its new position.

- 332** If a player i m p r o v e s the position of a stock of the **opposing team** in a target house in relation to the puck, the stock shall remain in its new position.
If the situation is w o r s e n e d, however, the stock shall be returned to its former position.

- 333** In both cases, however, (rules 331 and 332), the opposing team captain **may demand** that the original situation be recreated.

Note: Such a demand must be complied with.

- 334** If the position of a stock in relation to the puck is changed by external influences, the stock shall be placed in its former position.

If the run of a stock is disrupted by external influences, the try shall be repeated.

Note: If it is clear that the try would have missed its target, it need not be repeated. Picking up a stock is to be evaluated as equivalent to leaving the target house.

335 If a stock is damaged during its run or in the target house, the position of the **stock body** shall be decisive for evaluation. It must be replaced by a stock that conforming to the rules. The sliding sole must be of the same hardness category pursuant to rules 207 or 208.

336 In making a try, each stock must conform to the provisions of rule 203 in order to be evaluated.

341 **The following tries shall be deemed to be valid:**

a) a try in which the handle of the stock has left the hand of the player (putting down the stock shall not be deemed to be a try);

b) a try made out of turn;

c) a try with one's own stock or a stock of the opposing team used in error (only the stock **of the opposing team** used in error must be replaced; the sliding sole must be in the same hardness category pursuant to rules 207 or 208);

d) a try in which the stock reaches, does not reach, leaves or misses the target house.

342 **The following tries shall be deemed to be invalid:**

a) a try with a prohibited item of sports equipment (rule 302);

b) a try which is not performed from the footmark (rule 313);

c) an unauthorised start (rule 318);

d) a try using a piece of sports equipment a second time during one turn (rule 355);

e) a try with loose stock parts (rule 360);

f) a try with sports equipment that does not conform to the rules (rule 361);

g) a try performed into a target house without the puck being situated there (rule 363).

Note: *Invalid tries may not be repeated.*

Exception: *Off-side stocks (rule 344) and a change in the position or disturbance to the run of the stock or the puck by officials (rule 359).*

343 If the position of one or more stocks or the puck is changed displaced by an invalid try, the former situation shall be reconstructed.

344 Off-side stocks

A stock shall be deemed to be off-side if it is thrown across the front boundary of the starting house in its entirety.

Note: *If the opponent asks for the try to be repeated under rule 362, the try performed shall be invalid and must be repeated with the same sliding sole in accordance with the rules.*

345 All tries which have to be repeated must be performed with the stock previously used (same stock body, same sliding sole, same handle).
Exception: someone else's stock was used.

346 Valid stocks shall be deemed to be the following:

a) a stock that is in or touches the boundary of the target house. If a stock is standing on its sliding plate, validity shall depend on whether the steel ring projects onto the playing surface.

b) A stock lying in such a way that part of it **touches** the target house shall be positioned such that the **shortest distance** to the puck is maintained;

c) stocks situated in the target house which are standing one on top of another;

d) a stock that is situated on the boundary line and is hit from the outside. Its changed position shall be valid.

Note: The validity of a stock depends on its final position (stationary final position) after a valid try.

A stock that is lying on top of the puck or on top of other stocks shall be put down so that the whole of its sliding sole stands on the playing surface. Its distance to the puck and in relation to any other stocks shall be re-established.

Players' conduct

351 Fair play is the highest rule. Players' conduct must conform to the general rules of sportsmanship. Players must be fair, honest and act in a comradely manner.

Note: Depending on the gravity of the offence, the following penalties may be imposed: warning, deduction of game points, match penalty or disqualification under Section 7.

- 352** In performing a try, the player on the footmark may not be
(a) disturbed;
(b) hindered.

*Note: a) In case of a disturbance by the opponent, a warning shall be issued, and if such disturbance is repeated, three penalty points shall be given under rule 702 c.
b) In case of hindrance by the opponent, three penalty points shall be given under rule 703 b.
c) Tries that were hindered may be repeated (also when the hindrance was by individuals not participating in the game).*

- 353** During a turn, only one player per team may be in the **target house** as the game captain. The captain must have performed his try already. In a doubles or solo game, no try may yet have been performed.

Note: Any contravention shall lead to a warning being issued, or in case of a repeated offence, three penalty points being given under rule 702 d.

- 354** While a player performs his try, nobody may be in or in front of the target house.

Note: Any contravention shall lead to a warning being issued, or if repeated, three penalty points being given under rule 702 d.

- 355** **Stocks** that are not in the target house shall be removed as far as necessary from the boundary lines to ensure that they do not hinder the further progress of the game.
Each item of equipment may only be used once in a turn

Note: A team whose stocks disrupt the course of the game or whose equipment is used more than once in a turn shall be warned, and in case of a repeated offence, three penalty points shall be given under rule 702 e.

A try with a piece of equipment that has been re-used in one turn is invalid and may not be repeated. The minus points resulting from such a try shall be taken into account according to rule 383, however.

- 356** The **players** and their **equipment must stay behind** the starting house on the side of the playing area closer to the playing area of the previous game. **If room is lacking behind** the starting house, the players may stand between the starting houses, at the furthest up to the front boundary line of the starting house, and may go to the target house only after the turn has been completed.

Coaches and substitute players may not enter the playing area.

Note: Any player (except game captains) who has crossed the front boundary line of the starting house prematurely shall be given one penalty point under rule 703 c (exception: solo and doubles competitions).

If coaches or substitute players enter the house during a game, the team shall receive a warning, and in case of repetition three penalty points pursuant to rule 702 f.

357

The players are not allowed to **disturb a stock during its run**. A stock which is set in motion by another stock shall also be considered to be moving.

Note: The team responsible for the disturbance shall receive 6 penalty points under rule 703 d and shall remove its stocks from the target house. The stock whose run has been disturbed shall also be removed from the target house. The opposing team shall complete the turn by itself.

358

The game captains may not **disturb a puck** within the target house in its run or **change its position**.

Note: The team whose captain is responsible for the disturbance or the change shall clear its stocks from the target house. The opposing team shall complete the turn by itself (for an exception, see rule 372).

359

If **officials change the position** or block the run of a stock or the puck, the try shall be invalid and must be repeated after reconstructing the original situation. If the original situation cannot be reconstructed, the turn shall be repeated.

360

The players may not **use stocks with loose parts for their tries**. Such tries are invalid and may not be repeated.

Note: If a try is performed with loose parts, a warning shall be issued and if the offence is repeated, 3 penalty points shall be given under rule 702 g.

Any minus points given under rule 383 shall be taken into account in the total, however.

361

The players may not **use sports equipment that contravenes the rules**. Such a try is invalid and may not be repeated.

Note: a) If sports equipment that contravenes the rules is used, two game points shall be deducted from the team under rule 705 d.

*b) If the referee establishes that the sports equipment began to contravene the rules as a result of use during the current competition and it **continued to be used**, 2 game points shall be deducted from the team's score under rule 705 d.*

Any minus points gained in such tries, however, shall be taken into account under rule 383.

c) If sports equipment is manipulated such that it contravenes the rules, or prohibited equipment is used the team shall be disqualified from the competition under rule 707 a.

Sports equipment contravenes the rules if it was incorrectly manufactured or has undergone an unintentional change (wear and tear, ageing etc.)

Intentional changes shall be deemed to be **manipulations contrary to the rules** (see also rule 201).

Sports equipment that is unauthorised or unlicensed is **not allowed**; nor is the inappropriate use of sports equipment e.g. summer sliding soles on ice.

The withdrawal of a company licence shall constitute **only** a ban on manufacture and sale and does not fall under this point.

362 The players may not throw the stock **over the front boundary line of the starting house** during their tries. Such a try must be repeated with the same stock at the request of the opponent.

Note: If the stock is thrown repeatedly over the front boundary line of the house, the player shall be issued with a warning; if the team has already been given a warning, 1 game point shall be deducted from the team under rule 704 f.

363 The players may not perform tries **unless there is a puck in the target house**. Such tries are invalid and may not be repeated.

Note: Any minus points given on account of such a try shall be counted under rule 383, however.

364 The players must obey **officials' orders**.

Note: In case of non-compliance: a warning shall be issued; if a team has already been given a warning, 1 game point shall be deducted from the team under rule 704 g.

365 The course of the competition may not be delayed, disturbed or impeded.

Note: a) Time usually required for a game: 25 to 30 minutes.

b) In case of delay, a warning shall be issued; if the team has already been given a warning, 1 game point shall be deducted from the team under 704 h.

c) If disturbed or impeded, 2 game points shall be deducted from the team under rule 705 e.

366 The **clothing** of players in a team must be uniform.
Exception: In the case of mixed teams, the women's clothing must be uniform and the men's clothing must be uniform

Clothing must be in a generally orderly condition.

Note: In case of contravention, a warning shall be issued; if the team has already been given a warning, 1 game point shall be deducted from the team under rule 704 a.

367 **Skid protection** that changes the sports surface is prohibited.
Skid protection is allowed in competitions on natural ice, whereby the spikes may not exceed a length of 2 mm.

Note: In case of non-compliance, a warning shall be given; if the team has already been given a warning, one game point shall be deducted from the team under rule 704 i.

Measurement

371 The best position of the stocks in relation to the puck shall be established by measuring the distances with appropriate measuring equipment (magnetic measuring tapes are not allowed).
The shortest distance between the stocks and the puck shall be measured, even if the measurement points lie outside the target house.

372 If the position of the stocks or the puck is changed by a game captain in the **course of measuring**, the stocks previously established as counting shall be evaluated. The game captain responsible for the change shall make no further measurement. The stock or the puck shall be returned to their original position.

Stock evaluation

381 All of a team's stocks which, after a turn, are closer to the puck than the closest stock of the opponent, shall be given **plus points**.

The first stock scores 3 plus points, and every further stock 2 plus points.

The greatest number of points that may be scored in one turn: $3 + 2 + 2 + 2 = 9$ plus points (7 plus points in the case of a trio).

382 If stocks from two opposing teams are equi-distant to the puck, no points shall be given for these stocks.

383 If a team whose stocks are in an advantageous position in relation to the puck still has one or more further stocks to play, while the opponent

has already played all its stocks, **minus points** shall be given for any stocks that do not reach the target house or miss it without hitting a stock or the puck (3 minus points for the first stock and 2 for any further stocks).

The maximum number of minus points is as follows: 3 + 2 + 2 = 7 minus points in one turn (5 in the case of a trio).

Note: There are no minus points when the stock touches the target house or hits a stock or puck standing on the boundary lines.

384

Once collected, minus points are always counted, even when the opponent gains an advantage as a result of stocks played subsequently.

Game evaluation

391

Winning points are scored by the team that has won the game on account of having scored the greater number of stock points. Stock points are plus points less penalty and minus points.

392

If the game is won under rule 304, no stock points are given.

Note: Game points: 2:0

Stock points: 0:0

393

If a team has scored no stock points and the opposing team has more penalty or minus points than plus points, the first team has won. No minus points are entered in the total score register. These are counted as plus points for the other team (e.g. 15:-3 = 18:0).

Note: If one or both teams have minus or penalty points in their results, these must be deducted from their plus points.

394

The winner in a team competition is the team with the most winning points.

The following scores shall be given:

For a won game: 2:0 points

For a draw: 1:1 points

For a lost game : 0:2 points

395

If several teams achieve the same number of winning points, their ranking shall be calculated, firstly using the quotient and secondly the difference.

The quotient is the sum of one's own stock points divided by the sum of the opposing team's stock points (to 3 decimal places, rounded up or down with the fourth decimal place being used to decide which way to round).

The difference is the sum of one's own stock points less the sum of the opposing team's stock points.
If the quotient and the difference are equal, the teams shall be ranked equal.

Example:

For team A:

Own stock points = 255; **opponent's** stock points = 137

$255 : 137 = 1.861 = \text{quotient}$

$255 - 137 = 118 = \text{difference}$

For team B:

Own stock points = 322; **opponent's** stock points = 173

$322 : 173 = 1.861 = \text{quotient}$

$322 - 173 = 149 = \text{difference}$ is greater than that of team A

The winner is therefore team B.

Note: a) If the quotient is smaller than one, the difference is inevitably negative.

b) When two teams are ranked equal, the team that won its game against the other team in this competition is the one that moves up.

If the result was a draw, the number of victorious turns in that game shall be counted.

If this number is also equal, the last turn decided on in this game shall be counted.

(A turn with +3 and -3 = 0 means that the turn was not decided, i.e. that the turn ended in a draw).

Section 4 TARGET COMPETITION

- 401 The target competition is a competition where individual players play for the highest number of points.

Rules and scoring

- 402 The competition consists of four runs each consisting of six tries with all the tries being played in one playing area.

403

First run

6 tries are made on the target (central target rings), whereby the player's stock should come as close as possible to the central cross. A puck is situated on the centre cross during all tries.

The inner ring reached by the stock is **counted**, whereby the projection of the steel ring on the playing surface is decisive.
The scores for the rings are as follows, from the outside to the inside:
2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 points.

A maximum of 60 points shall be counted.

404

Second run

6 tries are made on a target stock, which is positioned in different marked circles in turn. In the 6 tries, the aim is to hit the target stock placed in different circles, removing it from the target house, whereby the player's stock should remain in the target house. The tries on the target stock shall be made as follows, as seen from the footmark:

1. A = front left, 2. B = front right, 3. C = back left,
4. D = back right, 5. E = centre-left, 6. F = centre-right.

A puck shall be situated on the centre cross during all tries.

The **evaluation** shall be as follows:

- a) The target stock is hit, but does not leave the target house = 2 points
 - b) The target stock is hit out of the target house and the player's stock also leaves the house = 5 points
 - c) The target stock is hit out of the target house, and the player's stock stays in the house = 10 points
- A maximum of 60 points shall be counted.

405

Third run

3 tries are made, first into the back left and then into the back right target house (target ring fragments), whereby the player's stock should come as close as possible to the centres of the rings.

The puck shall be situated at the centre of the target rings during all tries.

The inner ring reached by the stock is **counted**, whereby the projection of the steel ring on the playing surface is decisive. The scores for the rings are as follows, from the outside to the inside: 2, 4, 6, 8 and 10 points.

A maximum of 60 points shall be counted.

406

Fourth run

6 tries are made on a target stock, which is placed in different marked circles in turn. The tries on the target stock shall be made as follows, as seen from the footmark:

1. A = front left
2. B = front right
3. G = front half-left
4. H = front half-right
5. E = centre-left
6. F = centre-right

The aim of tries 1 and 2 above is to hit the target stock in such a way that the player's stock comes to a standstill as close as possible to the centre cross (diverting).

The aim of tries 3 and 4 is to hit the target stock in such a way that it comes to a standstill as close as possible to the centre cross (bringing).

The aim of tries 5 and 6 is to hit the target stock in such a way that it comes to a standstill as close as possible to the centre cross of the back rings (bringing) whereby the player's stock **must remain** within the target rings in order to be evaluated. Target stock "E" should remain in the back left rings and target stock "F" should remain in the back right rings.

The puck shall be situated at the centre of the target rings during all tries.

The **evaluation** is as follows:

Tries 1 and 2 (target stocks A and B)

Points made with the player's stock

Tries 3 and 4 (target stocks G and H)

Points made with the target stocks hit

Tries 5 and 6 (target stocks E and F)

= 2 to 10 points

= 2 to 10 points

Points made with the target stocks hit = 2 to 10 points

A maximum of 60 points may be scored.

Players' conduct

411 Fair play is the highest rule. Players' conduct must conform to the general rules of sportsmanship. The player must be fair, honest and act in a comradely manner.

Note: Depending on the gravity of the offence, the following penalties may be imposed: warning, exclusion or disqualification under Section 7, rules 711, 712 or 713.

412 At the beginning of his competition, each player is allowed 8 minutes of warm-up time (training time); before that, players are not allowed to carry out any training tries in the competition areas.

413 The players may not wear any kind of skid protection that changes the playing surface.

Note: In case of contravention a warning must be issued under rule 711 a.

In case of a repeated offence, the team shall be excluded under rule 712 d. For competitions on natural ice, see also rule 367.

414 The players must adhere to the starting order.

Note: In case of contravention, the team shall be excluded under rule 712 c.

415 If a player does not stand on the footmark when making a try, or if the player crosses the front boundary line of the starting house in making his try, this try shall be invalid and may not be repeated.

416 Only players and officials may stand in the playing area; no-one may stand in or behind the target house.

417 The target competition shall be held in all the available playing areas at the same time. The starting order and allocation of playing areas shall be drawn by lots.

The target stock in runs 2 and 4

- 421** Only 1 target stock per playing area may be used, which shall be placed in the circles described above. The same stock body types and appropriate sliding soles shall be used for all target stocks.

Note: For pupils' / youth U14 competitions, type E target stocks shall be used. In all other competitions, type L target stocks shall be used.

The following sliding soles are laid down for use as target stocks:

for pupils/youth U14 on ice IFl no. 23 (black)
and on summer surfaces IFl no. 12 (black);

for youth U16, female youth U19 and
female juniors U23 as well as women on ice IFl no. 24 (grey)
and on summer surfaces IFl no. 13 (grey);

for male youth U19, junior youth U23,
men's and seniors' competitions on ice IFl no. 25 (yellow)
and on summer surfaces IFl no. 14 (yellow)

- 422** All playing areas on ice shall be played in by helpers before the competition upon the instructions of the competition manager, but under no circumstances by competition participants.

Players' sports equipment

- 423** **Players' sports equipment** must conform to Section 2.

Ranking

- 431** The winner of the target competition is the player with the highest number of points.

If several players in a competition achieve the same number of points, the highest result of the 4th run counts for determining the ranking. (If several runs have been evaluated, the results of all 4th runs are added together). If teams still have equal numbers of points, the higher result in the 3rd run, and then in the 2nd run shall count.

If the teams have an equal number of points in all 4 runs, the players shall be ranked equal.

Team evaluation

- 441** A team in the target competition shall consist of **four** players. They shall be placed in a playing area drawn by lot. At the beginning of his run, each player is allowed 6 training tries. The sum of the results of all four

players shall determine the rank. In suc.
number of points, rule 431 shall apply mutatis ..

Section 5 DISTANCE COMPETITION

- 501 The distance competition is a competition between individual players to achieve the greatest distance with the stock.

Rules of play

- 502 **Fair play is the highest rule.** Players' conduct must conform to the general rules of sportsmanship. The player must be fair, honest and act in a comradely manner.

Note: Depending on the gravity of an offence, the following penalties may be imposed: warning, exclusion or disqualification under Section 7, rules 711, 712 or 713.

- 503 The competition consists of 5 runs. During a run the playing area may not be cleaned and no practice tries may be performed on it. A trial run as well as final runs may be performed.

- 504 A try shall be made without a run-up from the footmark. The stability device on the footmark on ice must have a soft rubber or textile covering with a minimum thickness of 8 mm (for the stability device for distance competitions, see figure 14).
Crossing or touching the front boundary line is not allowed. After making a valid try (white flag), the player may leave the starting zone via the rear or side boundary lines.
The referee shall indicate a valid try with a white flag and an invalid try with a red flag.
Skid protection may be used on ice surfaces. If skid protection is used, the spikes may not exceed a length of 6 mm.

Note: a) If unauthorised skid protection is used, disqualification shall take place under rule 712 d.

b) If a player is not on the footmark during his try, the try shall be invalid and may not to be repeated.

- 505 The playing order in the first run shall correspond to the lots drawn. The playing order of other runs shall correspond to players' respective positions after the previous run, i.e. the player in last position begins, followed by the one before last, with the player in first place having the final try. In case of equal placement after a run, the equally-placed players shall play in the order in which they played in the previous run.

Note: The positions after each run shall be determined as follows: After each run in accordance with the best distance achieved so far.

- 506 If the playing order is not adhered to the try may not be repeated.

- 507** During the try nobody except the player may stand on or behind the playing area.
- 508** The referee is responsible for compliance with rules 504 and 507.

Evaluation

- 511** The stock played must move within the boundary lines of the competition playing area on its sliding sole.
- 512** If the stock leaves the competition playing area, a measurement shall be taken up to the point at which the entire stock crossed the boundary line.
- 513** The distance measured shall be from the starting point to the projection of the most distant part of the stock that has come to a stand-still. The projection of the steel ring on the respective sports surface is decisive. Preference must be given to use of measurement tools that meet the latest technical standards. A measuring tape may only be used to take measurements in exceptional cases. Here, the applicable distance shall always be the distance at right-angles from the centre line.
- 514** If the competition manager stops the game on account of the weather, the competition may be evaluated on the basis of three completed tries.
- 515** If a number of players achieve the same distance as a result of the stock hitting the end of the playing area, the players concerned perform three further tries in order to reach a decision. This does not apply to any team competitions.

Sports equipment

- 521** The organiser must provide at least two identical stock bodies as well as sliding soles to suit the run conditions and the expected abilities of the players. These sliding soles must originate from one manufacturer, be of the same weight and geometry and have the same IFL registration number.
- 522** All players must use the same stock body and sliding soles.
Note: If a stock or a sliding sole is damaged during a run, the run shall be continued using undamaged equipment of the same type.
- 523** The players may use their own handles which have been examined before the competition.

524 The following stock bodies must be used for the individual game categories:

Pupils/youath U14 and youth U16	Type E
All other categories	Type P

Ranking

531 The winner of the distance competition is the player who achieves the greatest distance. If several players have achieved the same distance, the better second-best try is counted. If this distance, too, is the same, the third-best try counts etc.

Team evaluation

541 The winner of the team distance competition is the team that achieves the best result upon adding together the best distances achieved by its three best-placed individual players in the competition. If the total of several teams is equal, rule 531 shall apply mutatis mutandis.

Section 5A SPEED COMPETITION

551 The speed competition is a competition among individual players to make the stock cover a measured distance of 40 m in the shortest time.

Rules of Play

552 **Fair play is the highest rule.** Players' conduct must conform to the general rules of sportsmanship. The player must be fair, honest and act in a comradely manner.

Note: Depending on the gravity of an offence, the following penalties may be imposed: warning, exclusion or disqualification under Section 7, rules 711, 712 or 713.

553 The competition consists of three runs. During a run, the playing area may not be cleaned. Training tries are not permitted. One test try and final runs may be performed.

In each of the three runs, the player has two tries with the two stock bodies and sliding soles made available to him, together with his own handles. These two tries shall be made within 30 seconds of a starting signal.

554 The stocks for the respective tries shall be situated outside the starting zone.

The player may only enter the starting zone after the starting signal has been given.

555 The try shall be made without a run-up from the footmark. The stability device on the footmark on ice must have a soft rubber or textile covering with a minimum thickness of 8 mm (for the stability device for distance and speed competitions, see figure 14).

After making a try, the starting zone may only be left via the red starting line.

The referee shall indicate a valid try with a white flag and an invalid try with a red flag.

Skid protection is allowed on ice. If skid protection is used, the spikes may not exceed a length of 6 mm.

Note: a) If unauthorised skid protection is used, disqualification shall take place pursuant to rule 712 d.

b) If a player is not on the foot-mark or leaves the starting zone in contravention of the rules, or the stock does not leave the player's hand within the time limit provided for, the try shall be invalid and may not be repeated or played later.

- 556** The order of tries shall be changed after each run, whereby the players shall be divided into three groups, each consisting of one-third of the players.
The first player of a group shall have the first try in the first run.
First run: first player of the first group.
Second run: first player of the second group.
Third run: first player of the third group.
The starting order in the first run shall be decided by drawing lots.
- 557** If the starting order is not adhered to, the tries cannot be made later.
- 558** During the tries nobody except the player may be in or behind the playing area.
- 559** The referee is responsible for adherence to rules 553–555.

Evaluation

- 561** The stock played must move on its sliding sole between the starting and finishing points of the measuring distance of 40 m.
- 562** What is measured is the time taken by the stock to run through a distance of 40 m. Time-measuring equipment that meets the latest technical standards may be used, guaranteeing accuracy to 1/100 second.

Sports equipment

- 571** The organiser must provide at least three identical stock bodies as well as sliding soles to suit the run conditions and the expected abilities of the players. These sliding soles must originate from one manufacturer, be of the same weight and geometry and have the same IFl registration number.
- 572** All players must use the same stock body and sliding soles.
Note: If a stock or a sliding sole is damaged during a run, the run shall be continued using undamaged equipment of the same type.
- 573** The players may use their own handles which have been examined before the competition.
- 574** The following stock bodies must be used for the individual game categories:

Pupils/youth U14 and youth U 16
All other categories

Type E
Type P

Ranking

- 581** The winner of the speed competition is the player who achieves the shortest total time, which is calculated by adding the times achieved in **five** tries. If several players have the same total time, the shortest single time is counted. In order to be entered for ranking, at least four valid tries must have been measured for a player. The time of his worst try may be added as a fifth try, adding 0.5 seconds.

Team evaluation

- 591** The winner of the team speed competition is the team that achieves the lowest result upon adding together the evaluated times of its **three** individual players who were nominated before the competition. If the total of several teams is equal, rule 581 shall apply mutatis mutandis.

Section 6 OFFICIALS

- 601** In all competitions, the organiser and implementer are required to provide the necessary **officials**. These are, collectively, the competition management.
- 602** The **competition manager** must be a referee. He is in charge of the officials, except the referees. He is in charge of and supervises the overall running of the competition and is responsible for its technical organisation. He is responsible for making any organisational changes in carrying out the sports event, checking that the playing areas are in order, drawing the teams' and individual players' starting numbers as well as allocating the sports equipment to the relevant playing areas if such equipment is being provided. He takes the players' passes from the implementer and checks them in consultation with the referee during the competition. His responsibilities also include bringing the competition to an early close in case of inclement weather or for other urgent reasons, as well as checking the results list.
- 603** The **referee** is responsible for general supervision of the games and their interruptions. He supervises the players and the sports equipment. It is his duty to ensure that the competition is carried out according to the International Icestock Rules (IER), to make decisions and to impose the penalties laid down pursuant to rules 701-713 before, during and after the competition.
No appeals may be lodged against factual decisions. On completion of the competition, the referee must write a game report. All penalties and injuries of the players shall be noted, giving details.
- 604** If there is no competition manager, the referee shall take over his tasks.
The competition manager and the referee shall stand in for each other as necessary.
- 605** The **playing area referee** must be familiar with the international Icestock Rules (IER)
Before the beginning of a turn (try) in a team game and in a target competition, he shall check the condition of the playing area and, if necessary, shall put the puck in the position that conforms to the rules. He shall ensure that the games to be played in his playing area comply with the rules.
After each turn, he is required to agree in consultation with the team captains the number of stock points, minus points and penalty points and to enter them into the score sheet.
On completion of the game, he and one player from each of the teams are required to sign the score sheet to confirm the result. For the competition manager, only the playing area referee's sheet is valid.

- 606 Incorrect entries to which **subsequent objections** are raised shall be taken into account only if they are established by the referee **without a doubt**.
- 607 If the **score sheet** is not signed by one of the two teams, the referee makes a final decision, completes the score sheet and informs the team captains of the results.
If no playing area referees have been deployed, the score sheet shall be completed by a player from the team that plays first. All entries shall be made **after every turn**.
Note: If this rule is not complied with, a warning shall be given pursuant to rule 701, if the team has already received a warning, 1 game point shall be deducted from the team's score pursuant to rule 704 I
- 608 The team captains and the individual players have the right to appeal to the referee against the decisions taken by the playing area referees.
- 609 In the case of target competitions, the playing area referee shall ensure that the participants play in the order that has been decided by drawing lots and that the puck is placed in the position that conforms to the rules at the start of all tries. He establishes the result of the individual tries and informs the player and record-keeper of them.
- 610 The players shall obey the orders of the playing area referees or the referees (distance and speed competitions). Contraventions shall be reported to the referee.
- 611 The **referee** shall ensure that the starting provisions are observed in distance and speed competitions.
- 621 The **record-keeper** carries out all the written work for the evaluation. He is required to check the result of the individual turns and the final score on the score sheet. If there are discrepancies in the calculations, the referee is required to clarify these with the two team captains and to take a decision without delay.
- 622 In the case of individual competitions, a record-keeper shall be assigned to each playing area. He shall receive from the competition management the starting cards that have been drawn by lot in which he shall enter the result of every try of which he has been informed by the playing area referee and he shall continually calculate the total number of points or the longest try in the distance competition or the sum of the five times in the speed competition.
- 623 The competition participants have the opportunity to appeal within 30 minutes of establishing the final score against incorrect entries or arithmetical mistakes made by the record-keeper. Any appeals shall be made to the competition manager, who shall ensure that a correction is made if necessary and shall announce it.

Note: This shall only apply to mistakes made by the record-keeper.

Section 7 PENALTIES

Penalties in a team competition

Warning

(green card may be shown)

701

In a competition, each player may be **warned only once**. In case of any further contraventions, penalties shall be given pursuant to rules 702 and 704-713.

Note: A competition is defined as being a whole championship, cup competition or tournament.

Penalty points

702

With prior warning

- a) 3 penalty points for an excessive number on the playing area of the following: persons, stock bodies, sliding soles, handles or sliding sole stands; also for prohibited sliding soles (ones that are not in the sliding sole stand or that have been incorrectly exchanged or added to) rule 302
- b) 3 penalty points for training tries during the game rule 314
- c) 3 penalty points for disturbing the performance of a try rule 352
- d) 3 penalty points for being in or near a target house without permission rules 353, 354
- e) 3 penalty points for stocks impeding a target house or repeated use of single items of sports equipment during a turn rule 355
- f) 3 penalty points for coaches or substitute players entering the playing area rule 356
- g) 3 penalty points for a try with loose stock parts rule 360

703

Without prior warning

- a) 3 penalty points for every try not played in a prematurely-finished turn rule 321
- b) 3 penalty points for obstruction in performing a try rule 352
- c) 1 penalty point for crossing the front boundary line of the starting zone for each player rule 356
- d) 6 penalty points for stopping or disturbing a running stock rule 357

Game point penalties

(yellow card may be shown)

704 Deduction of 1 game point

1 point shall be deducted from the team's final score for breaches of the rules indicated below:

Such penalties exist for:	Breach of rule:
a) Unsportsmanlike conduct	351, 411, 502, 552
b) Absence of IFI sliding sole seal Wrong or absent type indication letter on stock body	207
c) Deployment of substitute player without showing player's ID	210
	307

With prior warning

d) Oversized sliding sole stand	213
e) Exceeding time out	306
f) Repeatedly throwing offside	362
g) Disregarding officials' instructions	364
h) Delaying the competition	306, 365
i) Using unauthorised skid protection	367
j) Failure to fill in the score sheet after each turn	607

705 Deduction of 2 game points

2 points shall be deducted from the team's final score for breaches of the rules indicated below:

Such penalties exist for:	Breach of rule:
a) Deploying a substitute player during the game	307
b) Lack of sportsmanship	351
c) Verbal abuse or lack of discipline	351
c) Use of sports equipment in contravention of the rules	361
d) Disrupting or impeding the course of the competition	365

Match penalties

(red card may be shown)

706

A match penalty results in the exclusion of a player from the rest of the competition. In addition, 2 game points are deducted from the team's final score. The player subject to such a penalty must leave the playing area and the stadium immediately. A team of four thus continues the game with only 3 players, in a trio competition, it continues with only 2 players and in a doubles competition with only one player with three

tries (two in a the case of a trio) in each of the 6 turns subject to the penalty.
Only after finishing the game under way can a substitute player be deployed.

If a player commits an offence **before** a game, **between** games or **after** a game, two (2) points shall be deducted from the final score (see also rule 708).

If the competition is carried out in several rounds, the exclusion shall apply to this and to the following round(s).

If a match penalty is given pursuant to rule 706 a and 706 b, the player's ID shall be confiscated and forwarded together with the game report.

Such penalties exist for:

Breach of rule:

- a) Threat or physical abuse of players or officials 351, 411, 502, 552
- b) Repeated lack of sportsmanship 351, 411, 502, 552
- c) Imposition of a second penalty of 2 game points 705

Disqualification (red card may be shown)

707

Disqualification leads to the immediate exclusion of the whole team from the competition. It leads to notification being given to the competent sports court. The players' ID shall be confiscated and forwarded together with the game report.

Disqualified players are required to leave the sports venue immediately (in the results, they shall be given last place, see note under rule 202).

Such penalties exist for:

Breach of rule:

- a) Use of sports equipment manipulated in contravention of the rules, or that is not permitted 201, 202, 361
- b) Deployment of players who have not been registered, who have been suspended, who are not entitled to play under ISPO Section 103 or who do not have player's ID ISPO Sections 102, 103
- c) Non-compliance with a match penalty 706
- d) Breaches of rules 351, 411, 502, 552

Penalties for individual players under sections 4 and 5

The penalties for individual players are:

711

A warning

Such penalties exist for:

Breach of rule:

- a) Use of unauthorised skid protection 413
- b) Analogous offences 704 d-i

712 Exclusion

Such penalties exist for: Breach of rule:

- a) Analogous offences 705 b-e
- b) Second warning 711
- c) Not complying with the playing order in a target competition 414
- d) Use of unauthorised skid protection 413, 504, 555

713 Disqualification

Disqualification for offences in analogy to rules 706 a, 706 b and 707 a leads to notification being given to the competent sports court. The player's ID shall be confiscated and forwarded with the game report. Disqualified players are required to leave the sports venue immediately (in the results, they shall be entered as having been disqualified, see note under rule 202).

General

721 Penalties for coaches

If official coaches, federation or club representatives commit an offence within the meaning of the rules of play, they shall also be liable to sanction and notification to the competent sports court.

722 General disqualification

Any players punished with a match penalty or disqualification in **one** competition category shall also be disqualified from subsequent competition categories and must leave the venue immediately.

723 Sanction by sports courts

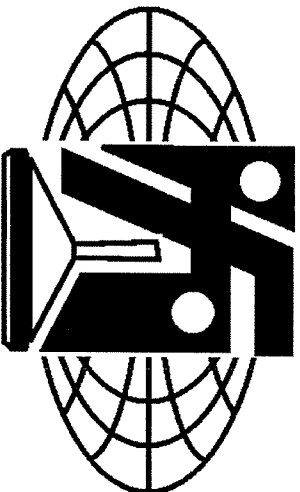
Lack of sportsmanship before or after a competition shall be notified to the competent sports court.

724 Suspension of players

Suspensions from the IFI and its member federations shall apply throughout the whole IFI area.

INTERNATIONAL FEDERATION ICESTOCKSPORT

Headquarters in Berne (CH) – Founded in 1950



INTERNATIONAL RULES OF PLAY (ISpo)

9th new, revised edition
Valid from 1 October 2014

The International Rules of Play regulate the implementation of all types of competition in ice-stock on ice and summer sports surfaces and define the rights and responsibilities of athletes and officials. It constitutes the instructions for carrying out a game and contains all the conditions which are not directly connected with the Icestock Rules.

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Group 1 GENERAL PROVISIONS

Entitlement to take part

Section 101 All sportsmen and sportswomen who are members of an Icestock Federation affiliated to the IFI are entitled to take part. In IFI team competitions, a minimum of 50 per cent of the active participants of a member nation in each game category must have citizenship of that nation or must have had their main statutory place of residence in that country for one year.

Section 102 Competitions with disqualified players and persons who do not have a player's ID are prohibited. If it is discovered that a prohibited player is taking part, the whole team shall be disqualified and shall be taken out of the evaluation. Suspensions apply throughout the whole IFI area. Promotional events shall not be subject to the provisions of the ISPO.

Game categories

Section 103 Icestocksport can be played in the following game categories:

- a) **In pupils'/youth U14 competitions**, only pupils and young people who are 14 years of age or younger on 1 October of the year of play are allowed to play. In pupils'/youth U14 competitions, **only the IFI pupils' stock** may be used. Winter sliding soles nos. 25 and 26 and summer sliding soles no. 15 and 16 may not be used.
- b) **In youth U16 and U19 competitions**, only young people 16 years of age or younger in the U16 competition and 19 years of age or younger in the U19 competition on 1 October of the year of play shall be allowed to play. Young people in the U16 and U19 categories may only use stocks of type P and L in the team and target competitions.
- c) In **junior U23 competitions**, only young people 23 years of age or younger on 1 October of the year of play shall be allowed to play; players must be older than 14 years of age, however.
- d) In **women's or men's competitions**, only athletes who are 14 years of age or older on 1 October of the year of play shall be allowed to play.
- e) In **senior competitions**, only players who are 50 years of age or older on 1 October of the year of play shall be allowed to play.
- f) In **mixed competitions** the same classification applies as under Section 103 a – e.
- g) In **solo, doubles and trio competitions**, the same classification applies as under Section 103 a – f.

Section 104 1 October of the year of play shall apply in all cases as the day of game category classification.

Section 105 A playing year runs from 1 October of one calendar year until 30 September of the next.

Section 106 In mixed competitions, only female players may be substituted for female players and only male players for male players.
A mixed team consists of two female and two male players. Mixed doubles consist of one female and one male player.

Players' ID

Section 107 Every participant in a competition must have a player's ID from a specialist federation.

This ID shall contain the following information:

The surname, first name, date of birth, place of birth, federation and/or club membership, the date of issue and a recent passport photograph.
This player's ID is only valid if it is signed by the player. It shall remain the property of the issuing federation, which confirms that the details entered are correct (stamp).

Section 108 Each player may have only **one** player's ID. Any players' ID which no longer conforms to the rules shall be withdrawn and forwarded to the competent federation.

Section 109 The application for a player's ID to be issued to a pupil or young person must be signed by his/her parent/guardian.

Section 110 Before every competition, players' ID shall be handed to the organiser, whereby a substitute player's ID has to be submitted no later than before his deployment.

If a player's ID is not submitted, evidence shall be provided of the player's identity and a fine of SFR 10 shall be paid to the referee, who shall forward this sum to the competent federation.

Section 111 The clubs shall be responsible for complying with these provisions.

Types of competitions

Section 112 A distinction is made between the following types of competitions in icestocksport:
team competition
target competition
distance competition
speed competition
All the types of competition are carried out separately according to their game category.

Section 113 Team competition: Team competitions shall be implemented in accordance with the Specifications and Instructions for Contests of the IFI or of the national federations.

Section 114 All the games of one run shall start simultaneously.

Section 115 In competitions where two or more teams from the same federation or club have entered, these must be arranged and lots for them drawn so that their games against one other take place at the beginning of the competition if this is possible in the normal course of the playing schedule.

Section 116 Icestock federations and their sub-organisations may appoint selected teams (country teams etc.) and must have them entered in the playing list and the list of results.

Section 117 Target competition: Each player may only play once in one and the same competition.

Section 118: Distance competition: (in analogy to Section 117)

Section 119: Speed competition: (in analogy to Section 117)

Section 120: Best performances in the target, distance and speed competition may only be achieved in championships or international matches in the presence of a competition manager and a referee.

World and continental best performances shall be recognised by the IFI Congress on application and on submission of the necessary documents as well as following a positive examination by the Technical Committee.

Recognition shall only be given for best performances at competitions that are announced pursuant to Section 406 of the ISPO.

Section 121: List of the world's best performances: The lists kept by the IFI contain the best twenty performances on ice in the target, distance and speed competitions.

Group 2 CLOTHING

Section 201: Clothing: When taking part in competitions, the teams shall wear uniform sports clothing suitable for the type of competition (rule 366 of the IER). Clothing that may be confused with the referee's clothing (black and white stripes) is not permitted as competition clothing.

Section 202: Marking: The organiser is responsible for ensuring that the players and team captains are given a characteristic marking. It is a duty to wear the allocated characteristic marking visibly (rule 305 of the IER).

Section 203: Skid protection: Skid protection that alters the playing surfaces is not permitted. This rule does not apply to tournaments on natural ice or to distance and speed competitions (rules 367, 413, 504 and 555 of the IER).

Group 3 FORMS

Section 301: Starting cards: After the draw or fulfilment of Section 115, participants or teams shall be entered in the order of draw on the starting card provided for the competition. For the form it should take and an example, see figure 16 for the team competition, figure 17 for the target competition and figure 18 for the distance and speed competitions.

Section 302: The competition schedule shall be drawn up in such a way that the conditions under Sections 113 to 115 are fulfilled.

Section 303: Team schedule: Each participating team shall receive a team schedule. It indicates the playing area in which the game is to be played, the opponent's starting number and the starting arrangements. For the form it should take and an example, see figure 19.

Section 304: The number of stock points as well as the minus and penalty points shall be recorded on the **score sheet** after every turn. The team that is entered on the **left-hand** side of the score sheet begins the game. See figure 20 for the form it should take and an example.

Section 305: Evaluation: Evaluation shall generally be performed using a tested PC program. The interim results shall be announced after each turn.

Section 306: The **list of results** contains the position achieved by each team, the club or nationality of the team, the points achieved, and, if necessary, the quotient and the difference. Selected teams must be noted as such in accordance with registration. In individual competitions, the list of results shall include the position achieved, membership of a club or nationality, the number of points achieved or the greatest distance or total time of each participant. The list of results must also include the following:

organiser, implementer, venue, date, competition category, game category, competition manager, referees and record-keeper (cf. figure 21).

Group 4 CHAMPIONSHIPS

Section 401: Championships: A competition shall be defined as a championship if teams or individual players compete against one another to win a championship title.
The following championships shall be organised:

Section 402: World championships in the team competition and in the target competition for women, men and juniors U23 as well as in the distance competition for men and juniors U23.

Section 403: Continental championships: in the team competition and target competition for women, men, juniors U23, youth U19 and youth U16, and in the distance competition for men, juniors U23, youth U19 and U16.

Section 404: National championships at all levels in the team competition, target, distance and speed competition for all game categories.

Section 405: Award of championships: World and continental championships shall be awarded to an implementer on application and on approval by simple majority by the Congress or by the IFI Executive Board.
The award of national championships shall be arranged by the national federations themselves.

Section 406: Invitations to championships: Invitations must be issued by the organiser at least 4 weeks prior to the event. Invitations shall be published in the federations' official bulletins. They must contain the following:
the organiser, implementer, venue with the precise address, date of event with schedule, competition, eligibility to take part, authorisation required, participation fee, evaluation, competition manager, referees, sports equipment control, special provisions, registration address, registration deadline, hotel reservations, accident liability, information on fringe events.

Section 407: The organiser of the world and continental championships is the IFI; the organiser of national championships is the competent federation or its sub-organisation.

Section 408: The implementer of world and continental championships is the national federation determined by the IFI which may commission a sub-organisation itself, or an implementer specified under Section 405. The implementation of national championships shall be arranged by the competent federation.

Section 409: Implementation: It is absolutely necessary that the implementer of the championship ensures that alternative playing facilities are available in case of inclement weather.

Section 410: Team competitions and individual competitions shall be held at different times.

Section 411: Medical supervision or an ambulance service must be present at every championship. An opportunity to refresh oneself or to warm up must be provided. Sanitary facilities must be available. The medical care only covers health supervision for the players and officials.

Section 412: Participation costs for the players and coaches sent by the national federations are to be paid **neither** by the organiser **nor** by the implementer.

Section 413: The **dates** of championships shall be determined by the organiser in agreement with the implementer.

Section 414: The **admission** and the number of teams and individual players to be sent by each national federation to world and continental championships shall be subject to a special provision for which the IFl Congress or IFl Executive Board is responsible.
For admission to national championships, the national federations shall be responsible mutatis mutandis.

Section 415: The **entry fees** in world or continental championships shall be set by the IFl Executive Board.
The national federations shall be responsible for national championships.

Section 416: Cancellation: If a team or an individual player does not attend a competition without submitting a substantiated cancellation in good time, the entry fee and a fine to the same amount shall be paid. The entry fee shall go to the implementer, and the fine to the organiser.
Cancellation deadline: **48 hours before** the beginning of the competition; the entry fee is always due after registration as announced in the invitation

Section 417: Evaluation shall take place in accordance with the IER. Championships in the team competition shall only be evaluated if all runs of the competition schedule have been played. If a championship is interrupted, all the games played before the interruption shall be evaluated. The championship shall be continued at a later time from the point reached at the time of interruption.

Section 418: Control of sports equipment: The sports equipment used must bear a registration number prescribed by the IFl and the IFl examination and licence emblem.

For examples, see figures 22 and 23.
In international competitions, and top national competitions, stock bodies and winter sliding soles shall be subject to an expiry date 15 years after they were licensed.
Controls of the sports equipment may be carried out before, during and after a competition. For the controls, preference shall be given to use of the measuring tools from the **IFI testing kit**.
The stocks of each team shall be clearly marked.

Section 419: The competition management in world and continental championships is the responsibility of the IFI's Vice-President for Sport or his substitute.

For national championships, the competition manager shall be determined by the competent federation.

Section 420: The referees for world and continental championships shall be proposed by the IFI's Vice-President for Sport and confirmed by the IFI Executive Board.

In the case of national championships, they shall be deployed by the competent referees' organisation.

Section 421 The other members of the competition management shall be provided by the implementer.

Section 422: Members of the competition management may not take part in the championship.

Section 423: Presentation ceremony: At world and continental championships each player (including substitute players) of the winning team shall receive a gold medal; the team that comes second shall receive silver medals and the team that comes third shall receive bronze medals.

In the individual competitions, the three best players shall receive medals in gold, silver and bronze.

In the team evaluations of the target, distance and speed competitions, the three best teams shall receive medals in gold, silver and bronze.

The organiser shall provide the medals.
Prizes of honour may be given by the implementer within his means

Group 5 IFI TOURNAMENTS and TEST COMPETITIONS

Section 501: An IFI tournament is a competition in which at least three national federations take part with their teams or individual players. The following IFI tournaments may be approved by the Congress:

Section 502: Women's European Cup for club teams. In international and top national competitions, stock bodies and winter sliding soles shall be subject to an expiry date 15 years after they were licensed. Special cup provisions also apply (see IFI Specifications and Instructions).

Section 503: Men's European Cup for club teams. In international and top national competitions, stock bodies and winter sliding soles shall be subject to an expiry date 15 years after they were licensed. Special cup provisions also apply (see IFI Specifications and Instructions).

Section 504 European Cup in the Distance Competition for men on summer surfaces. This is subject to special cup provisions.

Section 505: International matches: These are competitions played between teams or individual players from two or more national federations or their sub-organisations. They require IFI approval.

Section 506
For all IFI tournaments and other continental cup competitions the above provisions shall apply mutatis mutandis.

Group 6 TOURNAMENTS

Section 601: A tournament is a competition in which at least three teams or individual players take part.

Section 602 All tournaments require the **permission** of the competent federation, which must be obtained before invitations are issued.

Section 603: Invitations to tournaments shall be issued by the implementer. They must be dispatched at least four weeks before the event. The contents of the invitation shall correspond to those applying to championships. Teams in the categories specified in Section 103 b-g may take part in a competition if this is provided for in the invitation. The implementer may also invite entries for game systems in which it is not necessary for every team to play against every other team.

Section 604: Approvals of entry must be distributed to the participants by the implementer no later than three days before the tournament begins.

Section 605: Participants must be informed of the **cancellation of a tournament** on account of adverse weather conditions or other urgent reasons in good time.

Section 606: The playing area facilities to be made available by the implementer must comply with the International Leestock Rules (IER).

Section 607: Medical supervision for competitors shall be provided by the implementer. An opportunity to refresh oneself or to warm up must be provided. Sanitary facilities must be available.

Section 608: The number of teams permitted to take part in a tournament is regulated by the following provisions:

- For **men's competitions**, the following maximum numbers apply:
 - one-day tournaments:** a maximum of 18 games
 - two-day tournaments:** a maximum of 30 games
- For **women's, youth and mixed competitions** the following maximum numbers apply:
 - one-day tournaments:** a maximum of 14 games
 - two-day tournaments:** a maximum of 26 games
- pupils'/youth U14 competitions:** a maximum of 10 games

Section 609: If the numbers referred to under Section 608 above are exceeded by the number of registrations, the participants shall be divided into groups on the basis of lots drawn. The rest of the competition shall be carried out in accordance with the invitation.

Section 610 If a team or an individual player is not present at the competition without a substantiated cancellation in good time, the entry fee and a fine to the same amount must be paid. The entry fee goes to the

implementer and the fine to the organiser (national federation or sub-organisation). **Deadline for cancellation: 48 hours before** the beginning of the competition.

The entry fee is always due following registration as stated in the invitation.

Section 611: The evaluation shall be made in accordance with the International Icestock Rules (IER).

Section 612: In case of the **premature end** of a tournament, a list of results may be drawn up if more than half of the games on the game schedule have been played. The same number of games shall be evaluated for each team. Interruptions (breaks) shall not be counted as play. For teams which did not have a break, the last game shall not be counted.

Section 613: Sports equipment control:

Controls of the sports equipment may be carried out before, during and after a competition.

Section 614: The **competition manager** must be a referee and shall be appointed by the implementer (rules 602 and 604 of the IER).

Section 615: The **referee** shall be nominated by the competent referee organisation following the request of the implementer. The implementer is responsible for paying the referee's remuneration.

Section 616: The other members of the competition management team shall be provided by the implementer.

Section 617: Members of the competition management team may not take part in the competition.

Group 7 CHANGING FEDERATIONS OR CLUBS

Section 701 A player may only **change clubs** within the IFFI if the player's present club agrees to release him.

Section 702: Such **release** must be confirmed if he has fulfilled all his material and financial obligations and no proceedings at a sports court are pending.

Section 703: Such a **change** may **only** take place between 1 March and 5 April or between 1 and 30 September of any year. The decision shall be made by the competent national icestock federation.

Section 704: Special cases:

An immediate change of clubs is possible if:

- a) the former club or section icestock section has been closed.
- b) the player changes his main residence to the catchment area of the new club.
- c) evidence has been provided that a player has not played in championships at IFFI competitions in the last twelve months.
- d) the former club has not taken part in championships during the current playing year.

Section 705: A player may **not** take part in IFFI competitions **for two different** IFFI member clubs in a single summer or winter season.

Section 706: Each player may only have one player's ID (see Section 108).

If it is discovered that a player has two player's IDs from different federations, the ID most recently issued shall only be valid if it has been in the player's possession for at least 2 years. Otherwise, titles or qualifications achieved using this ID shall be declared invalid.

Group 8 REFEREES

Section 801: The highest authority for referees shall be the IFI Technical Committee.

The national referee organisations shall abide by the Technical Committee's decisions.

Section 802: The referees' organisations of national federations have the following tasks:

To provide basic training for referees, to test them, to provide further training for them, to qualify them, to monitor them, to regulate their activities in accordance with their ability and category as well as to ensure their adequate remuneration; the referee organisations shall also inform referees of changes to the International Icestock Rules and the International Rules of Play, as well as of new authorisations or prohibitions of sports equipment.

Section 803: A referee's training concludes with a class C examination.

A referee may be **upgraded** from class C to class B by the competent national referee organisation following further training, good performances and special commitment.

Section 804: Referees' class C and B IDs shall be issued by the national organisations and shall be valid for three years. An extension of three years is possible in each case.

Referee IDs remain the property of the issuing federation. Referee IDs which are no longer valid shall be returned to the issuing federation.

Section 805: International referees: The IFI is competent for grading or upgrading referees into class A and for issuing their IDs. Class A IDs shall be valid for three years. An extension by the IFI is possible.

Section 806: For justified reasons, referees' ID may be withdrawn by the competent referee organisations. It is also possible to downgrade a referee to a lower class.

Section 807: The A, B and C qualifications authorise the holder to manage the following competitions:

Class A: International championships and IFI competitions

Class B: National championships and international competitions

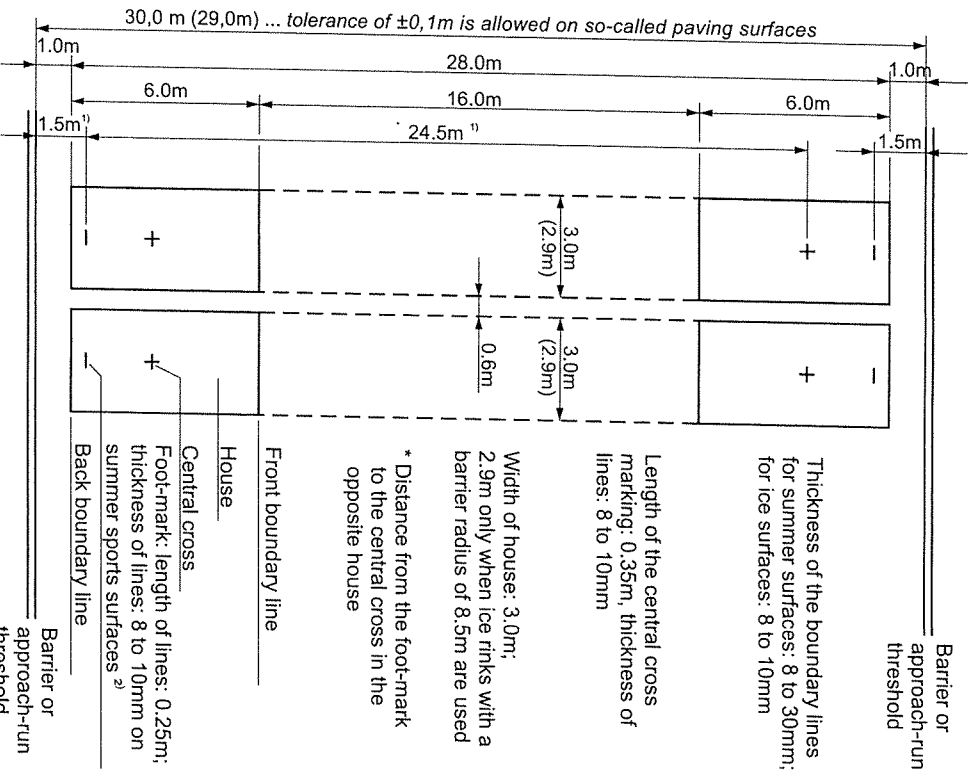
Class C: Regional championships and international tournaments

Section 808: A referee must be at least 16 years of age. For classes A and B, a maximum age of 65 years applies.

Section 809: The referee's tasks:

The referee shall confirm that he will attend or, if he is unable to do so, shall decline in good time. He shall notify the competition manager or implementer of his presence before the start of the competition. He must be ready to be deployed on the playing area throughout the whole of the competition and must be recognisable to all (black and white, vertically-stripped referee's clothing, armband, marking). He must make the necessary decisions in a sporting spirit objectively, neutrally and very conscientiously, he shall impose the prescribed penalties before, during and after a competition as provided for in IER 701 to 713, and he shall ensure that the competition takes place in accordance with the IER. After the competition, he shall make a written game report and shall send it to the competent organisation. Any confiscated players' IDs shall be enclosed with the report.

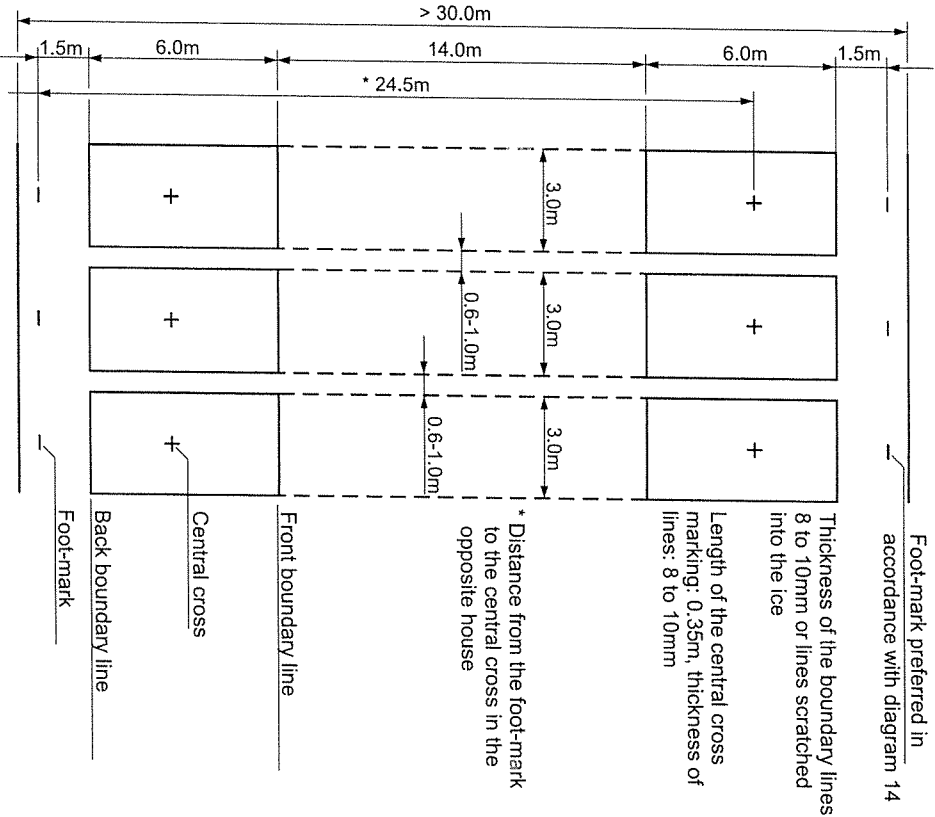
In an area of 30.0m (29.0m) x 60.0m (59.0m), a total of 14 houses may be drawn.



- ¹⁾ On account of the different house lengths (29.0 and 30.0m) and the permitted distances between the stability devices (1.3 to 1.5m) in accordance with diagram 15, the length of the playing area may vary between 23.5 and 24.5m.
- ²⁾ Foldable stability devices used in ice stadiums in accordance with diagram 15.1. Such devices are also recommended for use in summer sports rinks.

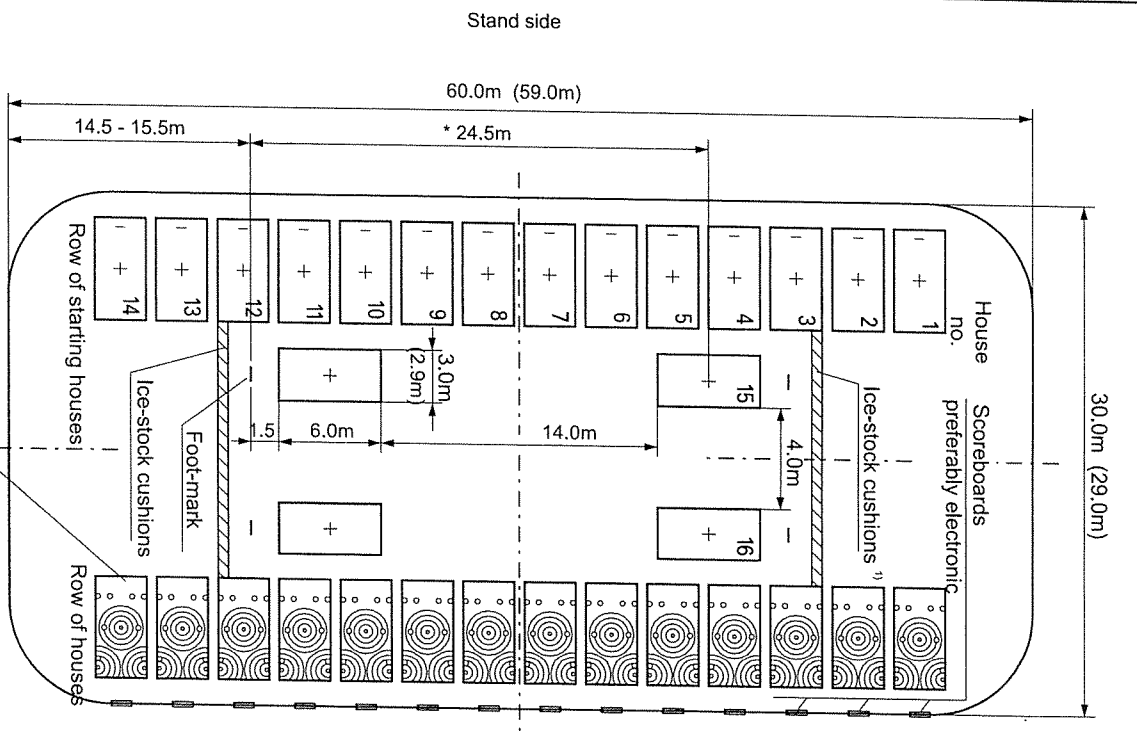
IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	ARRANGEMENT OF STOCK-HOUSES (EXCEPT ON NATURAL ICE)		IFI	Diagram 1
Update: Aug. 2014			examination point 15.08.2014	



IFI - Official Rule Book, 3rd edition 2014

IER	ARRANGEMENT OF STOCK-HOUSES ON NATURAL ICE		IFI	examination point	Diagram 2
Update: Aug. 2014					

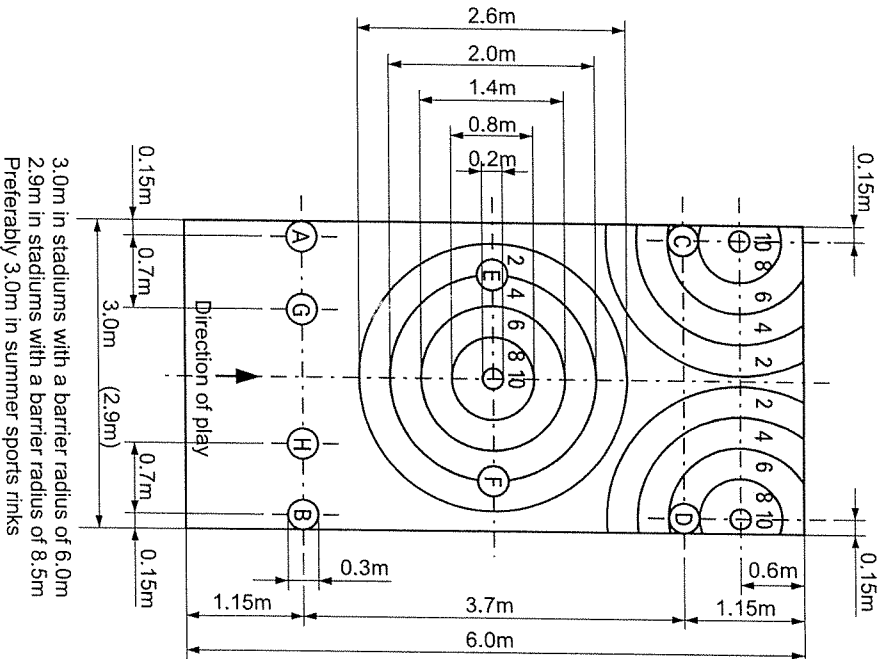


* Distance from the foot-mark to the central cross in the opposite house

Diagram of house in accordance with diagram 4. All 32 houses should be marked with central crosses.

¹⁾ Recommended:
 Stock cushions made of plastic foam measuring 100x100mm. In the case of the final games, these should be frozen onto the ice. They should be attached level with the house boundaries of fields 3 and 12.

IER	HOUSES NO. 15 AND 16 ARE WHERE THE FINAL GAME IS PLAYED AND TARGETS IN FIELDS 1 TO 14		IFI	Diagram 3
Update: Aug. 2014			examination point 15.08.2014	MM / ChT
IFI - Official Rule-Book, 3 rd edition 2014				



3.0m in stadiums with a barrier radius of 6.0m
 2.9m in stadiums with a barrier radius of 8.5m
 Preferably 3.0m in summer sports rinks

Width of markings: summer sports surfaces 8 to 30mm;
 ice surfaces 8 to 10mm.

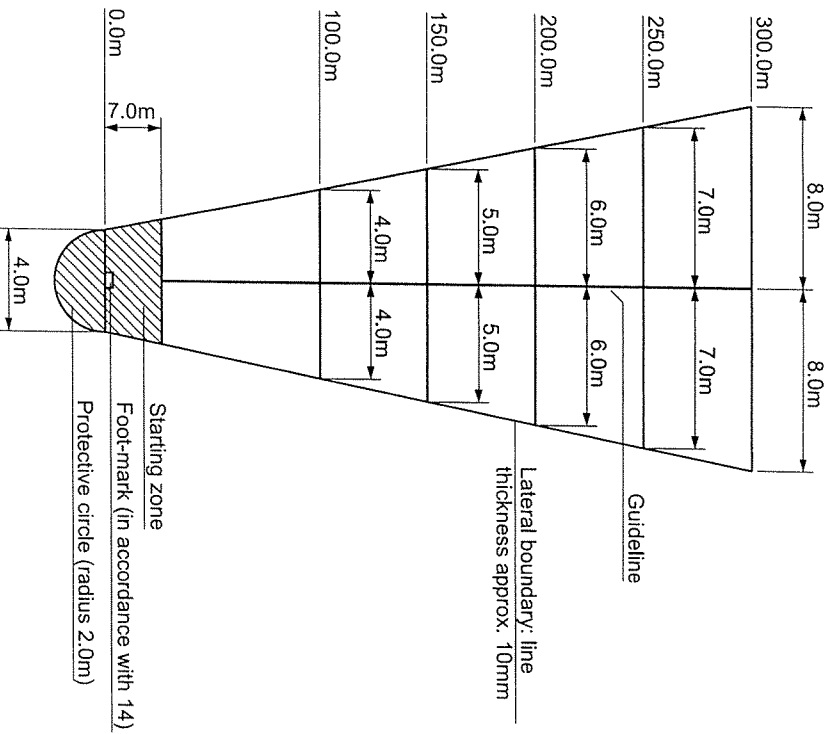
Distance from the foot-mark to the central cross of the house: 24.5m.

In the case of rinks with artificial ice, the length of playing area may be between 23.5 and 24.5m on account of possible differences in the width of the rink and the size of stability devices.

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	HOUSE: TARGET COMPETITION FOR ALL KINDS OF SPORTS SURFACES	IFI examination point 15.08.2014	Diagram 4
			MM / ChT
Update: Aug. 2014			

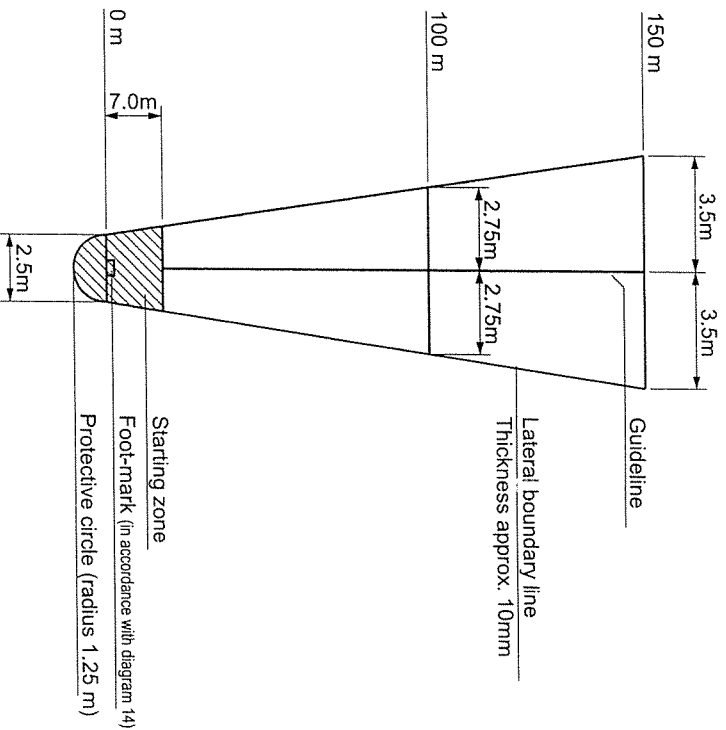
The house may be lengthened indefinitely as long as the same angle is maintained.



IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

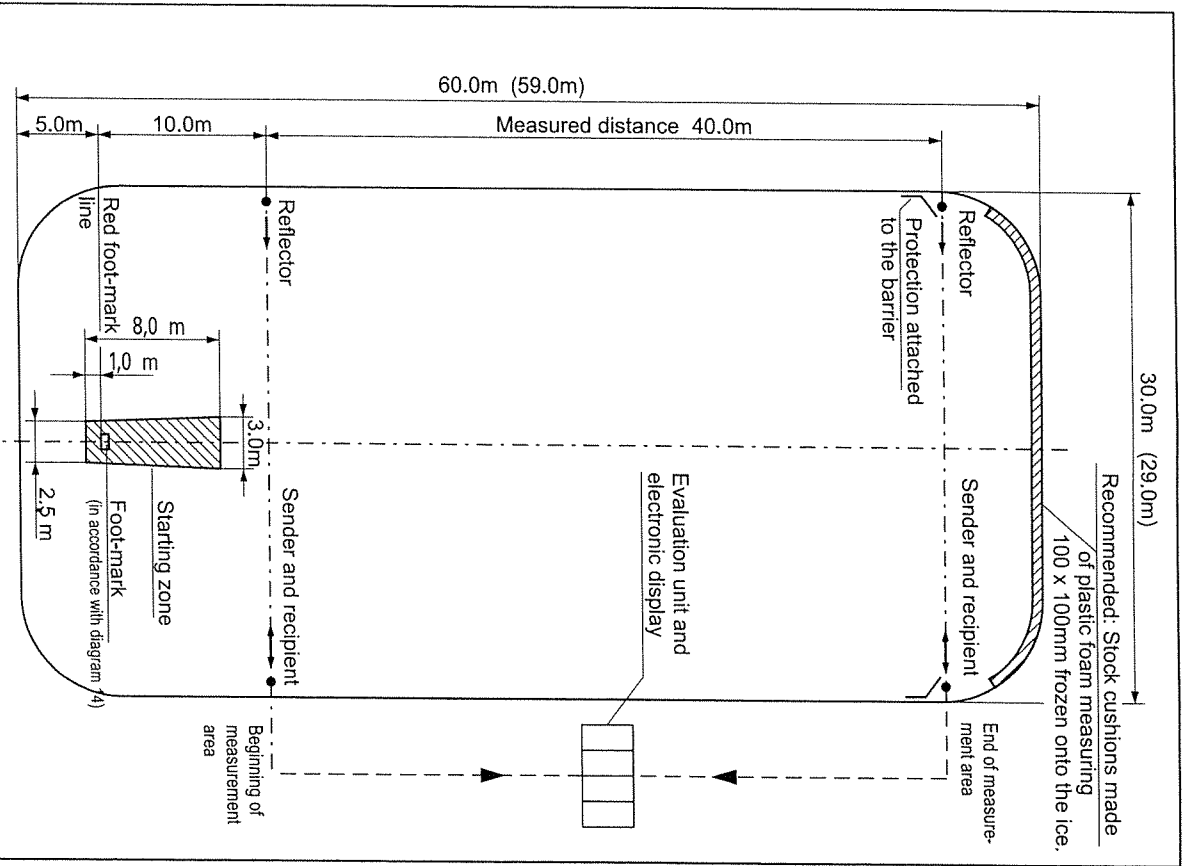
IER	DISTANCE COMPETITION HOUSE ON ICE		IFI	examination point	15.08.2014	Diagram 5.1
						MM / ChT
Update: Aug. 2014						

The house may be extended indefinitely as long as the same angle is maintained.



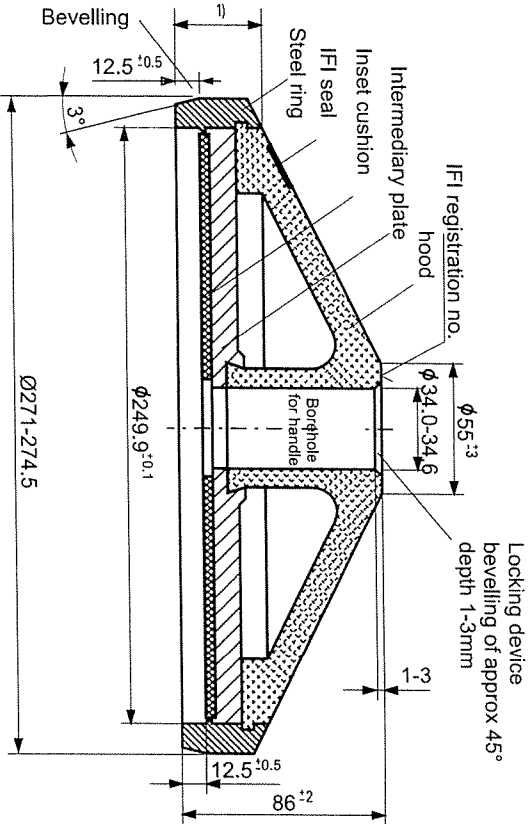
IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	DISTANCE COMPETITION HOUSE ON SUMMER SPORTS SURFACES	IFI examination point 15.08.2014	Diagram 5.2
			MM / ChT
Update: Aug. 2014			



IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

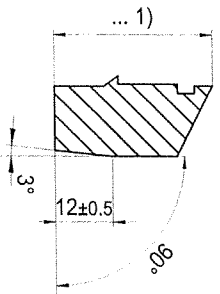
IER Update: Aug. 2014	HOUSE FOR SPEED COMPETITION ON ALL SPORTS SURFACES	IFI examination point: 15.08.2014	Diagram 6 MM / ChT



¹⁾ Type L,M : 32.8mm
 Type P: 30.8mm or 32.8mm
 Type E: 30.0mm

Mass (weight) of stock body:
 W = 2.73 - 2.78kg type E
 W = 3.50 - 3.53kg type P
 W = 3.70 - 3.73kg type L
 W = 3.80 - 3.83kg type M

Detail steel ring:



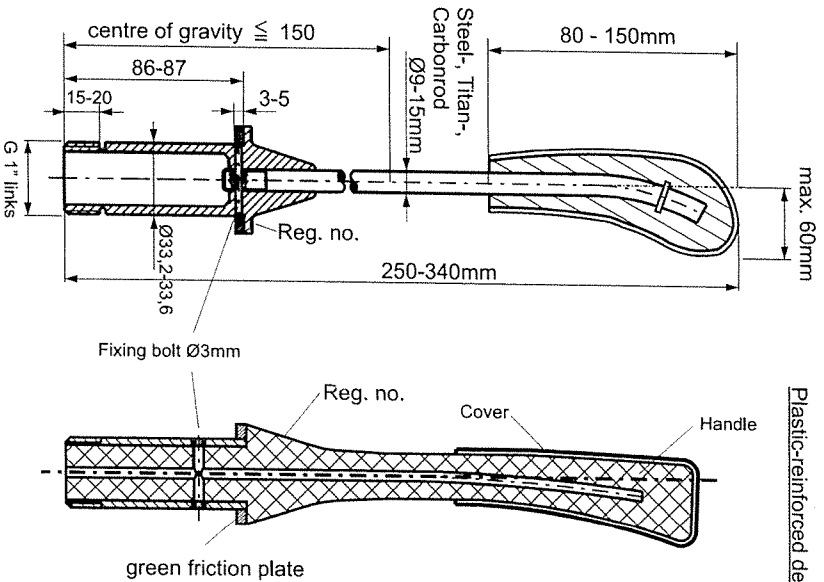
General tolerances for perpendicularity in accordance with DIN ISO 2768-2 tolerance class H = 0.2°

All measurements are in mm.

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	STOCK BODIES	IFI examination point	Diagram 7
Update: Aug 2014			

Plastic-reinforced design



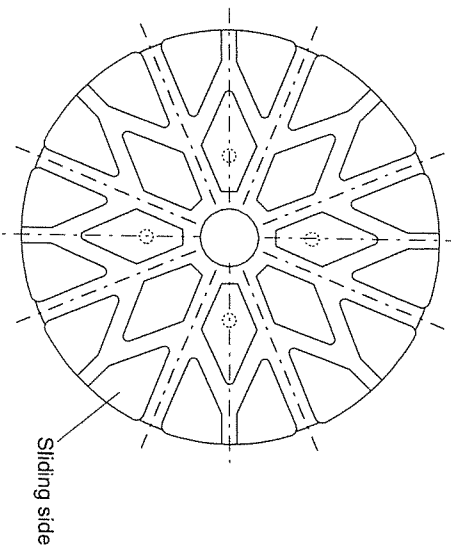
Measurements given apply to all types of handles; all measurements in mm.

Mass: 0,27 - 0,43kg

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	IFI examination point	Diagram 8
Update: Aug. 2014		
HANDLES		
15.08.2014		MM / ChT

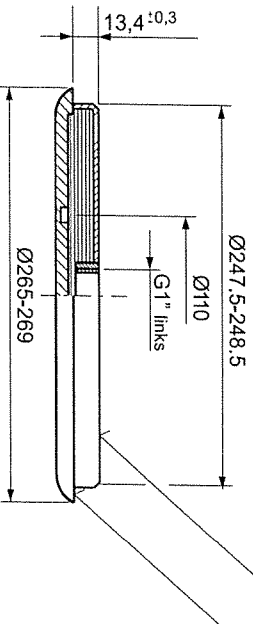
Mass: 0.95-1.15kg (Rule IER Regel 207)



Marking indicates that the sliding sole is too thin and no longer conforms to IFI standards (4 markings around the circle or at the central point)

Reg. no. together with the name of the manufacturer and quality symbol.

Compact connection



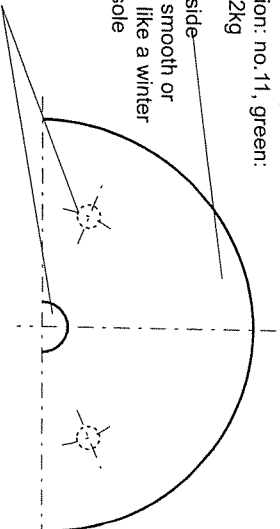
IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

All measurements are in mm.

IER	SUMMER SLIDING SOLES WITH A NEGATIVE PROFILE		IFI examination point	15.08.2014	MM / ChT
Update: Aug 2014					

Mass: 0.80-1.15kg
Exception: no. 11, green:
0.80-1.2kg

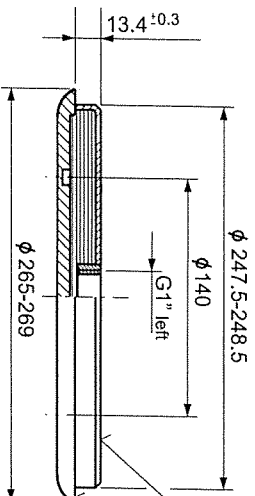
Sliding side
may be smooth or
finished like a winter
sliding sole



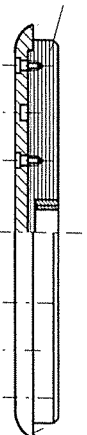
Marking indicates that the sliding sole is too thin and no longer conforms to IFI standards (3 markings around the circle or at the central point)

Reg. no. together with the name of the manufacturer and quality symbol

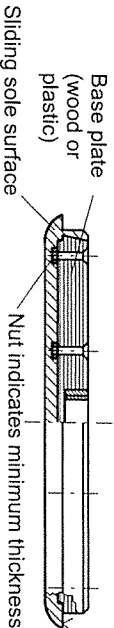
Non-positive or compact connection



Sliding sole surface screwed to the base plate from the outside, cushioned and non-cushioned designs



With or without a raised edge
Sliding sole surface screwed to the base plate from the inside, non-cushioned or cushioned designs

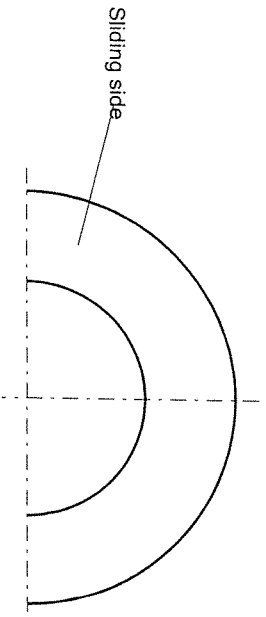


The measurements apply to all designs. All measurements are in mm.

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

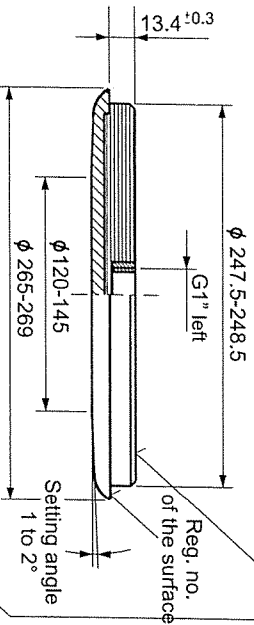
IER	SUMMER SLIDING SOLES WITHOUT A PROFILE	IFI examination point 15.08.2014	Diagram 10
Update: Aug. 2014			

Mass: 0.85-1.15kg
Exception: no. 11, green:
0.85-1.2kg

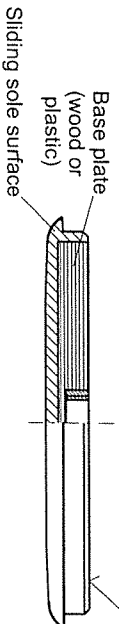


Sticker or plastic covering with reg. no. of the base plate

Compact connection



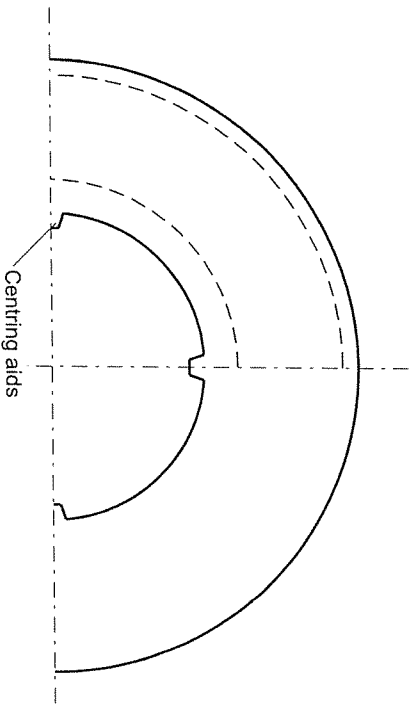
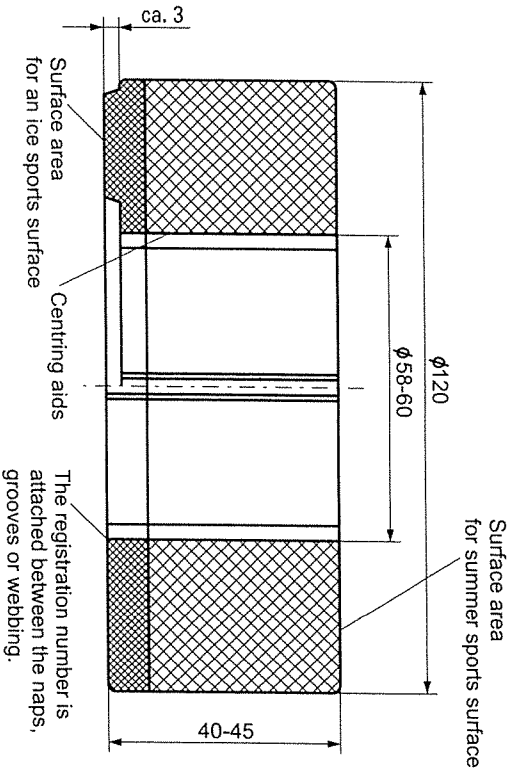
Non-positive design



The measurements apply to all designs. All measurements are in mm.

IF1 - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2012

IER	IF1		Diagram 11
Update: Aug. 2012	examination point	15.08.2012	MM / ChT
WINTER SLIDING SOLES			



Mass:

0.38 to 0.43kg

Surface areas:

- for an ice sports surface: naps, grooves or webbing

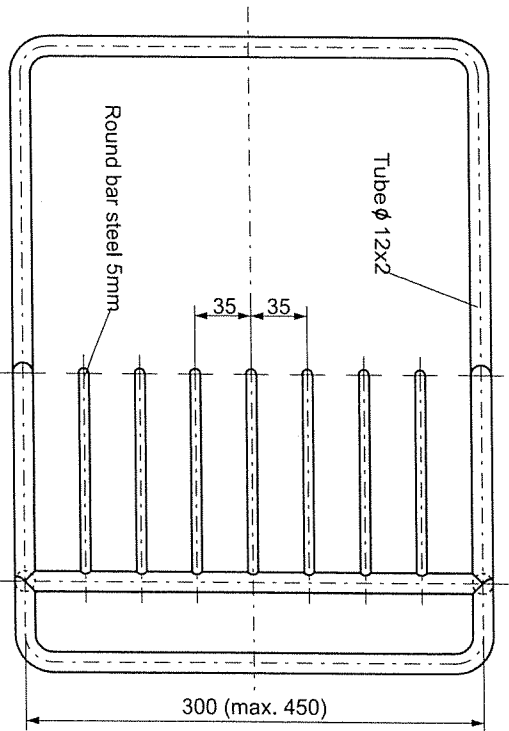
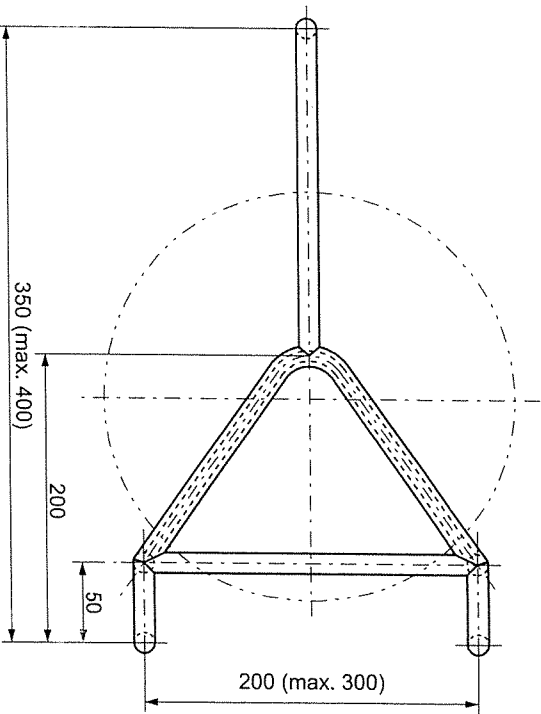
- for a summer sports surface: rough, sanded or smooth surface structure

Colour: black, with yellow preferred on ice

All measurements are in mm.

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	PUCK		IFI	Diagram 12
Update: Aug. 2014			examination point 15.08.2014	

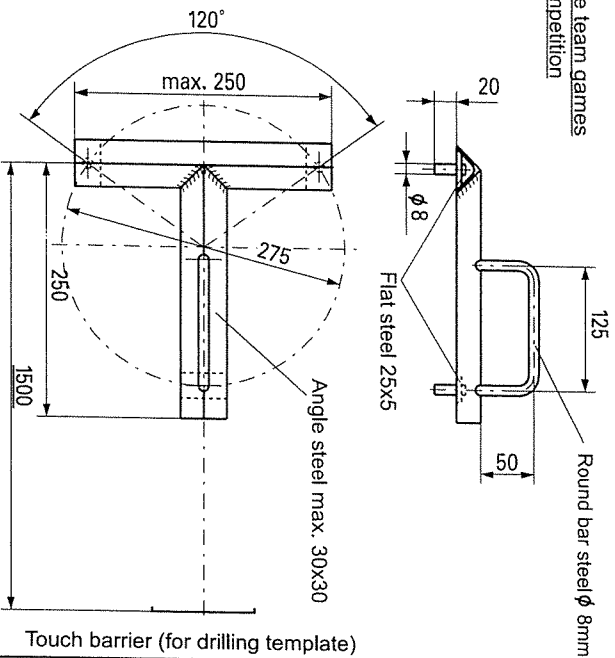


All measurements are in mm.

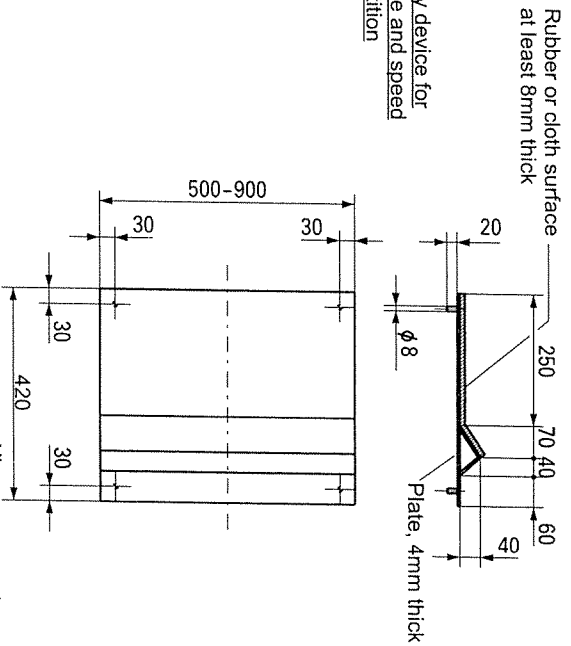
IF1 - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	SUGGESTION FOR SLIDING-SOLE RACK (FOR A MAXIMUM OF 8 SLIDING SOLES)		IF1	Diagram 13
Update: Aug. 2014			examination point 15.08.2014	

Stability device team games
and target competition



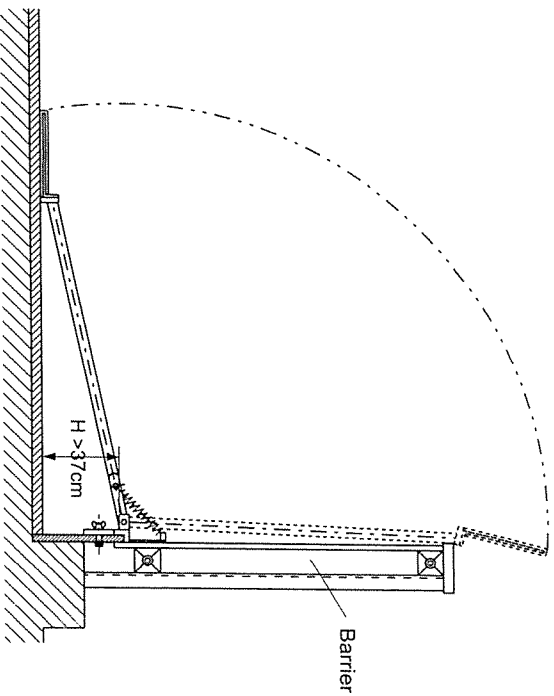
Stability device for
distance and speed
competition



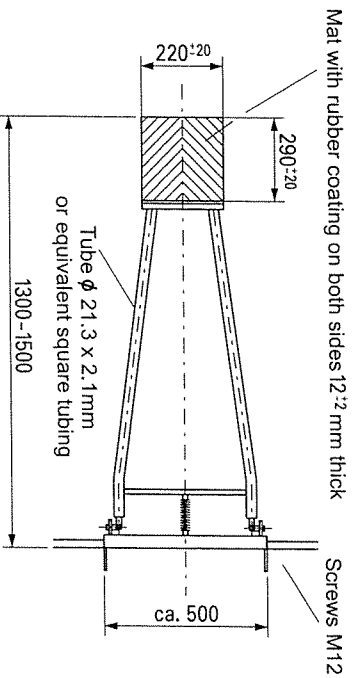
IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

All measurements are in mm.

IER	STABILITY DEVICE FOR FOOT-MARKS ON AN ICE SPORTS SURFACE		IFI examination point 15.08.2014	Diagram 14
Update: Aug. 2014				



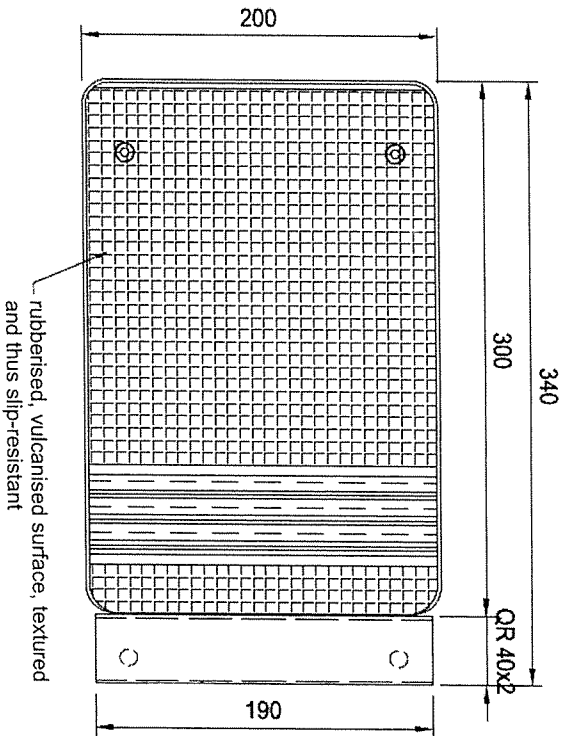
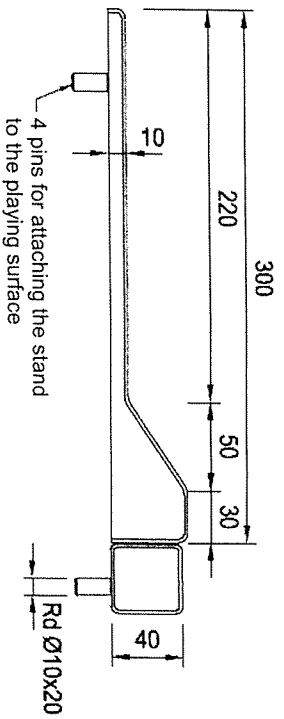
The fastening of the barrier must be adapted to the local situation.



IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

All measurements are in mm.

IER	FOOT-MARK (RECOMMENDED MEASUREMENTS FOR A FOLDABLE STABILITY DEVICE)		IFI examination point 15.08.2014	Diagram 15.1 MM / Chr.T
Update: Aug. 2014				



It is advisable to use a drill template when drilling holes to fasten the stand onto the playing surface.

This base plate is also recommended for the foldable stand in Diagram 15.1.

All measurements are in mm.

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	FOOT-MARK			IFI	Diagram 15.2
Update: Aug. 2014				examination point 15.08.2014	

Ice-stock starting card:

TEAM GAME

Competition:

Place: Date:

Starting no

Name of the team:		Family name	First name	Player's ID no.
1	Team captain = C			
2	Deputy team captain			
3	Player			
4	Player			
5	Player			
6	Player			

Entries by the referee: Penalties/ fines etc.

Comments, injuries, confiscated player's IDs etc.

Referee's signature:

Back page:

DECLARATION: The undersigned team captain of the team named overleaf gives his/her assurance that the following players

- Player d.o.b
- Player d.o.b
- Player d.o.b
- Player d.o.b
- Player d.o.b
- Player d.o.b

are entitled to play for the above-mentioned team and that the aforementioned player's ID or certificate from the National Ice-Stock Federation cannot be presented because:

False statements shall be punished by the competent sports court.
Under Ice-stock's International Rules of Play, the sum of 10 Swiss Francs shall be paid of one's own accord to the referee for every player's ID not submitted.

Place Date Signature of team captain

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

Update: Aug. 2014	IER	Ice-stock starting card	IFI examination point 15.08.2014	Diagram 16 MM / Ch'T
		TEAM GAME		

Starting card and evaluation sheet for ice-stock

Target competition

Competition:

Name: ID number:

Club/ Federation:

Place: Date:

Try	Mark the number of points reached with a cross	Evaluation	Totals	Starting no.
1	0 2 4 6 8 10			
2	0 2 4 6 8 10			
3	0 2 4 6 8 10			
4	0 2 4 6 8 10			
5	0 2 4 6 8 10			
6	0 2 4 6 8 10			
1st run				
1	0 2 4 6 8 10			
2	0 2 4 6 8 10			
3	0 2 4 6 8 10			
4	0 2 4 6 8 10			
5	0 2 4 6 8 10			
6	0 2 4 6 8 10			
2nd run				
1	0 2 4 6 8 10			
2	0 2 4 6 8 10			
3	0 2 4 6 8 10			
4	0 2 4 6 8 10			
5	0 2 4 6 8 10			
6	0 2 4 6 8 10			
3rd run				
1	0 2 4 6 8 10			
2	0 2 4 6 8 10			
3	0 2 4 6 8 10			
4	0 2 4 6 8 10			
5	0 2 4 6 8 10			
6	0 2 4 6 8 10			
4th run				
Recognised final result				
Total points				
Position				
Player				
House/judge				

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER
Update:
Aug. 2014

Ice-stock starting card TARGET COMPETITION

IFI
examination point
15.08.2014

Diagram 17
MM / CH'T

Starting card and evaluation sheet for Ice-stock:

DISTANCE COMPETITION

Competition:..... Place:

Date:..... Club/ Federation:

Name:..... ID number:

Try	Longest Try:	Starting no.:
1		
2		
3		
4		Position:
5		

Signature of participant

Signature of house judge

Starting card and evaluation sheet for Ice-stock:

SPEED COMPETITION

Competition:..... Place:.....

Date:..... Club/ Federation:

Name:..... ID number:

Try	Time achieved in seconds	Time evaluated 5 tries	Starting no.:
1			
2			
3			
4			Total time:
5			
6			Position:

Signature of participant

Signature of house judge

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	Ice-stock starting card DISTANCE AND SPEED COMPETITION	IFI examination point 15.08.2014	Diagram 18 MM / ChT
-----	--	--	------------------------

Update:
Aug. 2014

Ice-stock schedules

Model for a competition with 11 teams

Example: Team 1

Game	Opponent	House	First player
1	10	1	1
2	8	2	8
3	6	3	1
4	4	4	4
5	2	5	1
6	11	5	11
7	9	4	1
8	7	3	7
9	5	2	1
10	3	1	3
11	Missed turn	--	--

Example: Team 6

Game	Opponent	House	First player
1	5	5	5
2	3	4	6
3	1	3	1
4	10	2	6
5	8	1	8
6	Missed turn	--	--
7	4	1	6
8	2	2	2
9	11	3	6
10	9	4	9
11	7	5	6

Example: Team 9

Game	Opponent	House	First player
1	2	2	9
2	11	1	11
3	Missed turn	--	--
4	7	1	9
5	5	2	5
6	3	3	9
7	1	4	1
8	10	5	9
9	8	5	8
10	6	4	9
11	4	3	4

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	Ice-stock schedules	IFI examination point 15.08.2014	Diagram 19 MM / ChT
Update: Aug 2014	Model for a competition with 11 teams		

Ice-stock evaluation sheet:

Team game

Team							Starting no.	
Turn	1	2	3	4	5	6	To.	
Points								
+								
-								
Penalty points								
Signature of the opposing team captain							Result	

Team							Starting no.	
Turn	1	2	3	4	5	6	To.	
Points								
+								
-								
Penalty points								
Signature of the team captain							Result	

House number

Signature of the house judge:

Run number

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 7th edition 2006

IER	Ice-stock evaluation sheet TEAM GAME	IFI	Diagram 20 MM / ChT
Update: Aug. 2014		examination point 15.08.2014	

Model of a computer-aided evaluation of team competitions in accordance with the 9th edition of the International Ice-Stock Rules (IER)

Type of competition: National championships in the winter season 2014/2015

Venue: Ice rink in City A

Date: 20 November 2014

Organiser: Country X

Implementer: Club Y

Sports surface: Grooved ice

Final result

Place	Team	Points	Stock points	Grade
1	Team A	20 : 6	203 : 137	1.482
2	Team B	17 : 9	226 : 142	1.592
3	Team C	16 : 10	274 : 117	2.342
4	Team D	15 : 11	238 : 167	1.425
5	Team E	15 : 11	191 : 148	1.291
6	Team F	14 : 12	210 : 184	1.141
7	Team G	14 : 12	203 : 189	1.074
8	Team H	14 : 12	195 : 182	1.071
9	Team I	13 : 13	182 : 218	0.835
10	Team K	12 : 14	200 : 194	1.031
11	Team L	10 : 16	185 : 215	0.860
12	Team M	10 : 16	141 : 226	0.624
13	Team N	8 : 18	111 : 274	0.405
14	Team O	4 : 22	120 : 286	0.420
15	Team P	0 : 0	excused	

- give the name, club or federation and function in each case -

(Referee)

(Competition manager)

(Calculation office)

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	Model of a computer-aided evaluation of team competitions	IFI examination point 15.08.2014	Diagram 21 MM / ChIT
Update: Aug. 2014			

Registration numbers of stock bodies

- = Manufacturer's company code
 - = Year of first registration
 - = Running registration number in a particular year
 - = Year code letter (year of production)
 - = Indication of weight category
- 03 - 05 - 02 - W - M
- The letters M, L, P and E apply to the following weight categories:
- | | |
|---------------------|----------------|
| M = Mittel (medium) | 3.80 - 3.83 kg |
| L = Leicht (light) | 3.70 - 3.73 kg |
| P = Parvus | 3.50 - 3.53 kg |
| E = Elementar | 2.73 - 2.78 kg |
- Pupils' stock body

Registration numbers of intermediary plates ZP 88

- = Manufacturer's name or company emblem
 - = Indicates that the stock has been proficiently manufactured and has undergone a final quality check
 - = Manufacturer's company code
 - = Content overview number - manufacturing guidelines
 - = Year of first registration
 - = Running registration number
 - = Year code letter (year of production)
- Meier / IFL-gerecht - 02 - 1912 - 03 - 02 - Z (is to be found on the cushion inlet)

Registration numbers of handles

- = Manufacturer's name or company emblem
 - = Indicates that the stock has been proficiently manufactured and has undergone a final quality check
 - = Manufacturer's company code
 - = Content overview number - manufacturing guidelines
 - = Year of first registration
 - = Running registration number
 - = Year code letter (year of production)
- Schmidt / IFL-gerecht - 26 - 1914 - 06 - 04 - J

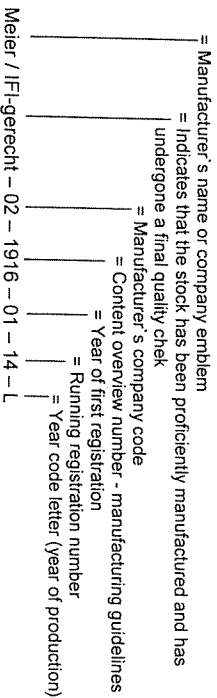
Registration numbers of winter sliding sole surfaces

- = Manufacturer's name or company emblem
 - = Distributor's name or company emblem
 - = Indicates that the stock has been proficiently manufactured and has undergone a final quality check
 - = Manufacturer's company code
 - = Distributor's company code
 - = Content overview number - manufacturing guidelines
 - = Year of first registration
 - = Running registration number
 - = Year code letter (year of production)
- Schmidt/Huber / IFL-gerecht - 09/02 - 1918 - 02 - 01 - Z

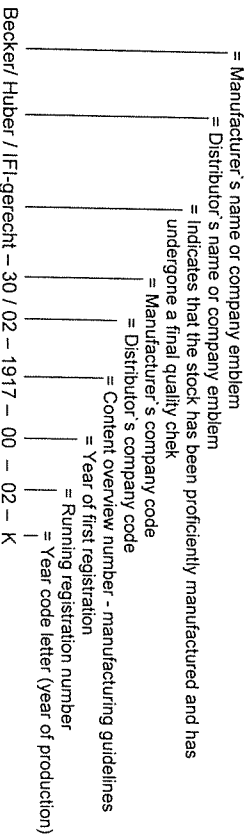
IFL - Official Rule-Book, 3rd edition 2014

IER	IFI's registration numbers of licensed sports equipment parts	IFI examination point 15.08.2014	Diagram 22 MM / ChT
Update: Aug. 2014			

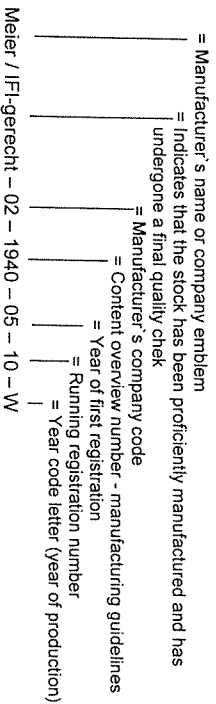
Registration numbers of base plates



Registration numbers of summer sliding sole surfaces



Registration numbers of pucks



In the case of stock body registration numbers, the omission of the phrase „IFI-Norm“ in the stock body seal is replaced by the indication „geprüft und zugelassen“ („examined and approved“). For technical reasons, it is also possible that on surfaces for summer and winter sliding soles the name of the manufacturer and the phrase „IFI-gerecht“ are indicated separately.

All the registration numbers that are still valid and the code letters indicating the year of manufacture are to be seen on the list of sports equipment parts, a new edition of which is published on 1 October each year.

IFI - Official Rule-Book, 9th edition 2014

IER	The IFI's registration numbers on licensed sports equipment parts and reference to sports equipment lists	IFI examination point	Diagram 23
Update: Aug. 2014		15.08.2014	MM / ChT

Firm identification numbers

Identification numbers	Company (manufacturer)	Year code	Diagram 24
01	EBRA - Brandl Gerhard	1985	D
02	LADLER Erich	1986	M
03	SEDLMAIER Josef	1987	O
12	NEUGEBAUER Arnfried	1988	Y
13	UNTERFORSTHUBER Josef	1989	S
15	SEIWALD (Widmann David)	1990	T
17	LINDLBAUER Johann	1991	E
26	ZEMBROD Xaver	1992	R
27	RITZEL Andreas & Jürgen	1993	F
28	WIDMANN (Gottfried Reinhold)	1994	A
30	POSCHENRIEDER GmbH	1995	N
31	REX ARTICOLI TECNICI S.A.	1996	G
33	WAGNER Rudolf KG	1997	B
34	BALU - Baumgartner Ludwig	1998	U
36	GTK Gummittechnik Kreißler GmbH	1999	C
38	INTERELEKTRIK	2000	H
39	CAROVA GmbH	2001	K
41	ARKON GmbH	2002	L
44	STURM Georg	2003	P
46	GUM - GOTTFRIED Reinhold	2004	Z
47	MANTSCH Franz	2005-06	W
48	SPÖCKNER Georg	2007-08	J
49	HAIN Alois	2009-10	X
51	LAFATA Miroslav	2011-12	Q
52	ESTERBAUER GesmbH	2012-14	9
53	PLEYER Werner	2015-16	V
54	LENZ Andreas		

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IER	Firm identification numbers	IFI examination point	Diagram 24
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